

THE ANTIOCH NEWS.

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ACCIDENTALLY SHOT SUNDAY

George Lundane Seriously Injured on the Bain Farm

George Lundane, a boy sixteen years of age, employed at the Chicago-Kenosha Hosiery company's plant, was the victim of an unusual accident on Sunday afternoon and he is now at the Kenosha hospital suffering from a bullet wound inflicted by a shot fired by Manley Mills, a well known employe of the Thomas Jeffery company.

Lundane was shot on the Bain farm just after four o'clock. With a party of friends he had been playing on the farm, when without any warning he felt a sting of pain in the left side of his back and an examination showed that he had been shot. The bullet, which had been fired from a twenty-two calibre automatic Winchester rifle, had passed entirely through his body and the boy found it just under the skin below the left breast. He could not get hold of the bullet with his hands. The boy was terribly frightened and he started to run across the field when he came up to Mills and his party who had been shooting at a target.

"You have shot me," the boy shouted and pointed to the wound in his breast. Mills and the members of his party thought

the boy was joking, as he had not been in the range of the gun at any time, but when it was discovered that the boy had been shot, he was placed aboard a motor vehicle and hurried to the hospital as rapidly as possible. Dr. Robinson was called upon to attend the wounded boy and he had no trouble removing the bullet. The bullet had entered just above the heart. It passed clear through his body, but the physicians do not believe that any vital part was struck. Later the boy was suffering from hemorrhages and it is possible that the wound will take a dangerous turn. Mills and his associates are doing all in their power to see that the boy has proper attention.

Mills stated that he with a party of friends had gone out into the country early Sunday afternoon and that they had stopped along the road near the Bain farm and had been shooting at a target placed on the fence. Just how the boy could have been hit Mills could not explain. The boy was playing under a hill a quarter of a mile from the place where the Mills party were shooting and it is thought that the bullet struck something and glanced off.

CAN'T SHIP CALVES

Cattle Men in Kenosha County Feel the Strength of the Government Inspection Law.

Kenosha county farmers are in a quandary as to what steps to take to get their cattle to market as since the new Government inspection law went into effect on Monday the Northwestern Railway company has under the new law, declined to accept the calves and other stock for shipment without their bearing tags showing that they have been properly inspected. All along the route of the road on Monday and Tuesday calves were waiting at the stations for an inspector to come along and give them a clean bill of health, and these calves were shipped north to Milwaukee. Some of the cattle men at Salem and Genoa Junction carried the matter to Madison and demanded that some step be taken at once to make it possible for them to dispose of their cattle, but they got back word that the state officials had no power and it would be necessary for them to apply to the United States government.

Great forces of inspectors have been put on in Chicago during the last few days but as yet no plan has been devised to look after the rural districts. Under the law the farmers may ship their cattle to any point in Wisconsin without Government inspection, but they may not ship them into Illinois or some other state without first having them inspected. It is claimed that a number of cattle raisers have already undertaken to haul their stock to Russell, Ill., and ship it from this point to Chicago, but it is thought that these daring men are taking all sorts of chances, for should this fact be discovered the government officials would undoubtedly swoop down on the men and have them prosecuted. For some years there has been a law demanding inspection of meat shipped from state to state, but it had become a dead letter and the shippers had paid no attention to it.

So far as can be learned there is not a single inspector in the county and a great number of head of cattle are being held up at Trevor and other shipping points for lack of a clean bill of health. Under the new law the cattle will be inspected before leaving Wisconsin and after they arrive in the state to which they are shipped and, in fact, the law provides for so much inspection that should an animal pass all of the inspectors, after it is killed the carcass would bear no less than fourteen inspection tags.

The cattle raisers in this county are getting a little worried but it is probable that inspection will be provided within a few days and the interrupted dealings with the great Chicago markets will be open again. In the meantime the farmers will have to ship their stock to the packing houses in Milwaukee or sell it to local speculators who will hold it until inspection is provided for rural districts.

Points About London.

In London a child is born every three minutes, and a death is recorded every five minutes. The city contains 700 railway stations, 5,000 omnibuses, 7,000 hansoms, 14,000 cabs and 7,000 tram cars. Daily 1,000,000 persons travel on underground railways.

Advice to Hunters.

By confining your shooting to birds on the wing you may be sure to avoid the embarrassing experience of killing a fellow hunter under the mistaken impression he may be a pitiful grouse. —Butte Inter-Mountain.

JAPANESE FOOLED THE FAKER.

Fingers Had Been Trained for Just That Kind of Thing.

The street faker who was selling cement near the steps of the courthouse stood behind a little table on which was conspicuously displayed the sign: "A box of this cement given free to anybody who can break any of these apart."

There were spools, blocks of wood and other articles that had been cemented together, and most of them bore marks of having been struggled with by persons with grimy hands in vain attempts to wrench them apart.

A swarthy little fellow who had stopped in front of the faker's stand pointed to a round peg that appeared to have been dipped in the cement and driven into a good-sized chunk of wood, and asked him what would be the reward for pulling it out.

"If you can pull that out," said the peddler, "I'll give you a silver dollar."

The peg projected a little more than a quarter of an inch above the block.

The swarthy little fellow placed his left hand on the block to hold it down, took the peg between the thumb and forefinger of his right hand and pulled it out with apparent ease, a portion of the wood coming away with it.

"Great Scott!" gasped the man behind the table. "What are you?"

"Me Japanese dentist," replied the little fellow, pocketing the silver dollar and walking away with a grin on his face.

LINGERS IN THE MEMORY.

Simple Words of "Now I Lay Me" Seldom Forgotten.

If a census could be made, one would probably be amazed at the vast number of grown folks who close their day with the unvarnished "Now I lay me."

Many of them make it the conclusion of prayer involving more elaborate petitions, prayer actually said as they kneel at their bedside. Many, in subconscious protest against the formalism which dominates so much of the public and private devotions of the times, do not kneel, but they do not forget the words they learned to lip as babies.

Some, immersed in world affairs and carrying their business cares and worries into the realm of their dreams, may not consciously plan to pray, but they find their minds dwelling at midnight upon the familiar lines and they are better men and women for that.

Such folks naturally resent the recent suggestion of revision of the line "If I should die before I wake." They are not afraid for any terror by night, and many of them, as they close their eyes in final sleep, will give their last thought to "Now I lay me."—Southern Farm Magazine.

Mushroko's Annual Game Dinner.

The annual game dinner at the Mushroko hotel, Fox Lake, will be given this year on Thursday October 18. Invitations are being sent out and it is safe to say that the usual large and jolly crowd will be in attendance. An effort is being made to have this event one of the most pleasant of the season. Tickets are placed at \$1.00 per plate.

Patience Out of Place.

"Patience," said Uncle Eben, "is a good thing, but darlin' no use of sittin' around an' tryin' to let it take the place of a day's work."

DANISH GIRL DISAPPEARS.

Started for Church and Failed to Return. Efforts Made to Find Her.

Efforts are being made to find some trace of Amelia Jensen, a Danish girl 19 years of age, who disappeared from the town of Bristol on Sunday of last week, and the friends of the girl fear that she may have committed suicide. The young woman had come to this country from Denmark less than a month ago and had been making her home with a Danish family near the village of Bristol. On Sunday evening the girl left the house, stating that she was going to church in Bristol and this was the last heard of her.

There is a sad story in connection with the disappearance of the young woman, which seems to give weight to the suicide theory. When Miss Jensen came to this country from Denmark she left a sweet heart behind her and the young man had promised to join her in America within a few weeks. On Saturday she received a letter from friends in Denmark stating that the young man had been killed by being thrown from a horse.

All arrangements had been made for the young man to come to Bristol and he and the girl were to have been married in November. This girl had been busy for the past month preparing for the wedding and had planned to go to New York to meet her sweetheart. After she received the letter she seemed to be heartbroken. So far as can be learned she had no relatives at Kenosha or cities in the neighborhood and her friends at Bristol cannot account for her continued absence.

The clothing and personal effects of the young woman are still at the Bristol house. Every effort is being made to find some trace of the girl but thus far the effort has been in vain.

INSURANCE CO. IN NOBLE ACT

Reimburses Fire Victim who had Merely Signified Desire to Have Protection

The victim of fire following on a visit to a fire insurance agency, Henry Odenbreid of Lake Bluff, who lost a house in the flames, was nevertheless reimbursed nobly by the company with which he had signified a desire to insure, the Glen Falls.

Odenbreid a week ago Saturday entered the office of a Waukegan fire insurance agent and asked that a house that he was building in his spare time be insured against fire.

It was eight o'clock in the evening, so the agent for the company, the Glen Falls, simply made a memorandum of his new client's wish and the matter went over till Monday morning.

Monday morning Odenbreid appeared at the Glen Falls office and announced that when he had returned home Saturday night it was to find the house that he wished insured in flames.

Although none of the papers had been made out and Odenbreid had not paid a single cent, the sole document being the memorandum signed by the agent, the Glen Falls company directed its representative to investigate the matter and report.

He found that Odenbreid had been erecting the new house next his own, striving with might and main to build for a modest competence. The fire had completely destroyed the house and Odenbreid had lost his material and his time and labor. He had carefully swept out all shavings Saturday evening.

In a few days a check came to the Waukegan Glen Falls office for \$500. It was made out to Odenbreid.

This payment is believed to be the most remarkable on record. The company had only a moral obligation, as the man had merely signified his intention to insure.

THE BARGE PASADENA SUNK

Cleveland Craft Goes down in Lake Superior Monday

A violent gale swept over the entire chain of lakes Monday. Reports received indicated that at least one vessel had been lost and owners were fearful that the destruction would be widespread.

The big barge Pasadena, which has been in Waukegan port, was dashed to pieces just as she was about to enter the Lake Superior ship canal at Houghton, Mich., and three men were drowned. The other seven members of the crew escaped to the shore after a desperate battle in the breakers. The life savers were on hand to render service, but owing to the mountainous seas were unable to help.

The Pasadena was bound from Two Harbors to Lake Erie in tow of the steamer Gladstone, both being laden with ore. All the way across Lake Superior they were tossed about by the storm, which threatened to engulf them. Just as the entrance to the ship canal was reached the towline parted. The Gladstone managed to make

the entrance of the canal, but the Pasadena was dashed with terrific force against the rocky shore.

The Pasadena was owned by M. A. Bradley of Cleveland. She was formerly a steamer, but was recently converted into a barge at a Chicago shipyard.

All vessels caught in the open lake, except the largest and most powerful, were running for shelter, and the various harbors of refuge were filled with storm-bound craft.

The highest wind velocity reported at any point was at Toledo—56 miles. At Chicago it registered 48 miles from the southwest, and at other lake points as follows: Duluth, west, 42 miles; Green Bay, west, 36 miles; Marquette, north-west, 36 miles; Cleveland, south-west, 44 miles; Buffalo, south, 36 miles. At the weather bureau it was reported that the storm would diminish during the night.

DIES AS RESULT OF HORSE KICK

Young Man of Millburn Succumbs to Injuries Received About a Week Ago.

As a result of a kick received in the head about a week ago, Chris Christianson an eighteen year old young man died Saturday morning at the home of his brother at Millburn.

His injury was inflicted while he was watering stock in the pasture and for two days he could not recall leaving the pasture or anything else. Finally he came to his senses but could not tell how he was injured. He walked over a quarter of a mile to the house and fell down unconscious on the threshold of the kitchen door.

The supposition is that the horse kicked him.

The following day he was operated on and got along nicely but on Monday he started to get worse and trimatic meningitis developed, the result being that he grew worse and died on Saturday morning. He had been working for his brother several of whom reside near Millburn. His parents reside in the old country.

Real Floral Carpets.

In Oratava, Tenerife, the Corpus Christi procession passes over floral carpets with which the streets on the route are covered during the festival. Beautiful tapestry designs are imitated with fresh blossoms.

Where Poverty is Unknown.

There is only one lunatic asylum in the Gold Coast Colony, and there are no poorhouses or reformatories. The colony's Blue Book, just issued, states that poverty in the strict sense of the term is hardly known.

HELPED STEAL HIS OWN HOG.

Mean Trick Successfully Played on Maine Farmer.

A well-to-do farmer of Gardiner, Me., was awakened late one night about a year ago by some one loudly pounding on his door. When he asked what was wanted he was informed that a lone man was taking a hog to town in a sheep cart, and in some way piggy had escaped. Would the farmer be so kind as to assist him to reload piggy.

In a few minutes the farmer came down, and made short work of loading piggy into the sheep cart. The other man, with many thanks, resumed his journey, and the farmer went back to bed.

The next morning the farmer rose early and began doing his chores. By and by it came piggy's turn to be fed, but piggy was gone. A large gap in the fence explained his absence.

Then it dawned upon the farmer that he had got up in the night and helped steal his own hog.

A Cautious Scotswoman.

Thirty-one years ago a woman named Robertson purchased a ticket for Canada in Glasgow. For some feminine reason or other she changed her mind, but carefully preserved the ticket. A few days ago it was presented at one of the offices of the Allen line and duly honored, the company issuing an equivalent new ticket, and retaining the old one as a curiosity.

True Courage.

True courage is the most misunderstood of all the virtues, for the reason that so comparatively few people possess it, while so comparatively many deficient ones suffer its consequences. —John A. Howland.

YOUNG GAINS HIS FREEDOM

Grand Jury Fails to Indict Him on Charge of Murder

William Young, charged with killing his son James on May 7 last, was not indicted by the grand jury in its considerations this term and as a result he was turned free, being exonerated from the charge of murder.

The grand jury felt after reaching its decision, that the action was justified, the evidence presented to it being such as to make the jurymen believe that the son fell on the knife accidentally and that the parent did not stab him to death as had been generally supposed following the details as given out after the tragedy.

Five witnesses were taken before the jury two being his daughters and the others were his hired man, a neighbor and also the man who found the victim in the orchard.

The only direct testimony was that of the young daughter who stated emphatically that she knew her father did not intentionally stab her brother. She told how the brother had been disputing with the father and started toward him in an effort to strike him. The father, then, according to the claim he made, lowered the hand in which he held the knife with which he had been eating a coconut, and as he did so the son fell against his hand

and the knife penetrated his side, inflicting the injury which caused his death shortly afterwards.

The other sister testified practically the same but she was not present at the time. The wife did not testify at all as the law forbids it. She, it is recalled, was the one with whom the husband had had words which are said to have caused the dispute between father and son.

A jurymen in speaking of the matter said: "We deliberated long on the matter but there was no other course open—the evidence did not, in any particular, warrant our indicting Young. It all showed that he accidentally fell against the father's knife."

Charles Whitney, attorney for Young, in speaking of the matter said: "It was a case of an accident pure and simple and people who looked into the case know it. There was no more intention on Young's part to kill his son than anything in the world. The position of the men were such that the son could and did fall on the knife, but the general consensus of opinion was against the man. It merely showed how public opinion can be wrong. The jury had no chance of convicting Young for there was not the slightest evidence."

THE EARS OF CRIMINALS.

Said to Differ Widely from Those of Normal Persons.

Before the annual congress of German anthropologists at Gorlitz, Prof. Blau, a well known authority on diseases of the ear, read an interesting paper on the formation of the ears of criminals and lunatics. Prof. Blau has taken accurate measurements of 1,061 ears. Of these 255 are the ears of lunatics and 343 those of male criminals. The examination, moreover, was confined to men of one race and one country.

The professor comes to the conclusion that in the vast majority of cases the various parts of the auricle, or external ear, are larger in the case of criminals and lunatics than in the case of normal persons. This is especially noticeable in the helix, or incurved outer border of the ear, and also in the lobe. According to Prof. Blau, the larger the helix is the lower the state of mental development. The hearing faculty, on the other hand, is keener, and Prof. Blau illustrates his theory by reference to the auricle of apes, who are all in possession of this extended outer border. Prof. Blau added the curious remark that an abnormal development of the outer border was more noticeable among criminals charged with sexual crime than among other classes of criminals.

REPTILE TO BE DREADED.

South American Snake Whose Bite Is Quickly Fatal.

It is more than 20 years since the deadly South American snake known as bushmaster, of which a specimen has just reached the Zoological gardens at London, was last exhibited by the society.

For obvious reasons it is difficult to obtain exact measurements of a live serpent, but the newcomer appears to be about nine feet long. It is evidently partial to moisture, for it has taken possession of a stone-walled pan filled with damp moss, which had been placed in the cage for its benefit. The ground color of its skin is yellowish, and its markings are in the form of dark triangular patches.

The scheme of coloration is bold and renders the creature very conspicuous. This combination of black and yellow is usually present in poisonous reptiles and may thus be taken as a signal of danger. Not only does its large size render the surcuucu—to give it its Brazilian name—a most dangerous reptile; its poison fangs are enormous and its bite is quickly fatal. Fortunately for its neighbors this deadly monster is nowhere common.

Domestic vs. Wild Animals.

In the aggregate the value of all the wild animals in the world is trifling by comparison with the market price of the horses, cattle, swine, sheep, goats and other domesticated beasts, not to speak of the pets like dogs and cats or of poultry. The hens in the United States are probably worth more than all the wild animals in the country would sell for if they could be caught and put on the market.

Anise Seed Cordial.

Anise seed cordial, which is often taken as a stomachic, is not a distilled spirit, but is made by flavoring a weak spirit with anise seed, coriander and sweet fennel seed. Coriander has an agreeable aromatic smell and a sweetish aromatic taste. It is the essential ingredient of the cordial, which is sweetened with clarified slurrup or refined sugar.

THE CARP SEINING

Will be Resumed with the Settling in of Cold Weather

With the settling in of cold weather the seining of the German carp of the lakes in northwestern Lake county will commence and the unending job of clearing the waters of these unwelcome guests will again be on. Every year thousands of pounds of this uncanny fish are taken from the lakes by W. C. Triggs & Co. of Chicago and sold in the east.

The Triggs people have a government permit to fish with a sein for these encroachers on the game preserves, but are supposed to throw back into the water all the bass, pike and other game fish they may take in their operations.

Two years ago one haul brought in 50,000 pounds of carp. The taking of the catch required a day and a half and some 2,000 feet of net was used.

The carp are little used here, but meet a ready sale in the east and the greater part of them are shipped to New York. In Chicago they are sold to the Jews while alive. The method of transferring them to Chicago to be sold alive is a novel one.

The fish are taken from the nets and placed in layers in great fish boxes. They are then covered closely with chipped ice or snow and the covering tamped down. The packing is completed just in time to catch the train for the city and but a couple of hours are required for them to reach their destination.

When at the Triggs warehouse the boxes are dumped into the water and the carp then begin to slowly return to life. In a short time they have revived and are swimming unconcernedly about in the vats and are ready to be fed a hearty supper of shelled corn. It is rarely that there is any great loss from death among the fish from this peculiar mode of shipment.

Baiting the fish into the net is done in an odd manner as well. At times the fish get sluggish and the nets may be dragged without success. Then the ingenuity of the fishers comes to the fore. A quantity of shelled corn or grain is secured and soaked, after which it is placed in a spot especially adapted to the drawing of the seine. Within a few hours at most all the carp in the neighborhood have smelled or in some manner discovered the presence of the grain and thousands of them will be on the spot, rooting and feeding. They will crowd each other like so many swine in their eager endeavors to get their share of the food. Then the fishermen place their nets and make their haul.

Often carp are taken from the lakes that weigh between thirty and forty pounds. Some immense game fish are taken as well and these go back into the lake. The biggest one thrown back into the Fox was a muscalonge weighing fifty pounds, and so far as is known the big fish is still in the waters uncaught. The men who run the nets state that they have often thrown back pickerel weighing over twenty-five pounds.

Remarkable Story, Anyhow.

From Seligeraville, Pa., comes perhaps the most remarkable potato story of the season, and in connection just as remarkable a chicken story. Several days ago, it is stated, a farmer of that vicinity while working in a field, discovered a hen which was setting on several eggs. Investigation showed that the nest was nothing more nor less than a large potato which the fowl had pecked hollow, laid four eggs in and then began to hatch the eggs.

THE WORLD OVER

LATEST NEWS FROM EVERY LAND.

SUMMARY OF NEWS.

A Minneapolis jury says Miss Cora F. Kason of Saratoga Springs, N. Y., who brought a breach of promise suit against Henry Klausner, proprietor of the Litchfield Woolen Mills, for \$10,000, is entitled to \$4,000. A stay of execution for forty-two days, the statutory term, was granted.

Lawrence Gledersleeve, a young man of Huntington, L. I., whose neck was broken in a football scrimmage four years ago, has been made attendance officer of the Huntington high school. He was an athlete before his neck was broken. He is now able to participate in all sports he once took part in.

Two men were killed and a dozen wounded in a conflict between striking mill hands and provincial police at MacLaren's sawmills in Buckingham, Que. Drastic measures taken by the authorities have had a telling effect and no further trouble is expected. Troops have been sent from Ottawa.

Eight to ten square miles of brush land burned over is the record of the disastrous fire which has been eating its way in and out through the San Fernando valley, in southern California, destroying ranch houses, cremating cattle, reducing \$50,000 worth of Standard Oil property to ashes, threatening towns and hamlets, wiping out 100 miles of fencing and leaving 325 square miles of acreage a blackened waste.

Following is the standing of the clubs in the principal baseball leagues:

NATIONAL LEAGUE.					
Played. W'n.			Played. W'n.		
Chicago	152	116	Brooklyn	152	86
New York	152	96	Cincinnati	151	84
Pittsburg	153	93	St. Louis	150	82
Phil'delp'a	153	71	Boston	151	49

AMERICAN LEAGUE.					
Played. W'n.			Played. W'n.		
Chicago	151	93	St. Louis	149	76
New York	151	90	Detroit	149	71
Cleveland	153	80	Washington	150	55
Philadelphia	155	78	Boston	154	49

NEWS NUGGETS.

Joseph Difussi, a musician of Los Angeles, Cal., is a suicide because of ill health.

The Fraziers company's extensive lumber yard at Aymer, Quebec, was destroyed by fire. Loss \$500,000.

Pledge of \$100,000 for the home rule cause in Ireland has been given by the United Irish League in Philadelphia.

Fire at Jessup, Ga., destroyed the telephone exchange, the Strickland Hotel and two or three other buildings; loss, about \$20,000.

Minneapolis experienced her first snowfall Monday, with the temperature ranging between 35 and 40 degrees above zero the greater part of the day.

Frank Maestretti, a member of the board of public works of San Francisco, Cal., has been removed from office by Acting Mayor James Gallagher for inefficiency.

The plant of the Morgan Sash and Door Company at Twenty-second and Union streets, Chicago, was destroyed by fire, with \$150,000 loss. Several persons were hurt.

Frank Jay Gould and his wife, after the preparation of papers for a divorce suit, are said to have been reconciled by the husband's family, but are to be separated for a year.

The Ontario Grape Growing and Wine Manufacturing Company's plant near St. Catharines, Ont., was destroyed by fire. The vat contained 150,000 gallons of wine. Loss \$125,000.

Fire that started in the office of the Quail Lumber Company at Lake Andes, S. D., destroyed the lumber yards, the Donahue livery barn and other smaller buildings. The loss was about \$30,000.

Ralph Hutson, private in Troop C, Thirtieth United States cavalry, is dead as the result of injuries received in a fall from a Wichita, Kan., street car. Hutson enlisted from Fairmount, W. Va.

The Columbus, Ohio, Board of Education upon the recommendation of the superintendent of schools has decided to adopt the simplified spelling so far as it is practicable in the schools of the city.

While going to the aid of a stranded schooner the torpedo boat destroyer Preble went on the rocks north of Santa Barbara, Cal., during a dense fog. She was later pulled off with practically no damage.

Dr. J. Lewis Amfter, while out driving Sunday in New York, was run down by a trolley car and seriously hurt. Though probably fatally hurt, he accurately described his injuries while wedged under the car.

The Gila Valley, Globe and Northern machine shops and the roundhouse in Globe, Ariz., in which were housed four engines, an oil car and a car of sugar, were destroyed by fire. Loss is estimated at \$100,000.

President Roosevelt is said to have decided to withdraw all coal lands not taken from entry under the land laws, and will send a message to Congress requesting a change in their status, so they may be held for the nation.

The Superior Court at San Francisco has decided that the Trans-Atlantic Fire Insurance Company is liable for the full claims for losses in the conflagration there, and that it has no excuse for repudiating the claims of policyholders.

A Madison, Wis., man voluntarily confessed in court that he is living with two wives, never having been divorced from the first, and was sent to jail. The first wife acts as servant in the household, and all three say they are contented and resent the interference of the law.

Division No. 2 of the Missouri Supreme Court has denied Mrs. Aggie Myers a writ of error to the Supreme Court of the United States. Her attorneys may now apply to one of the United States Supreme Justices for such a writ. Oct. 28 is the date set for Mrs. Myers' execution for the murder of her husband.

WINS TWO PENNANTS.

Chicago Now the Capital of the Whole Base Ball World.

There is joy in Chicago. The White Sox have won the American League pennant. Some days before the Chicago National League team secured the pennant in that race, and now for the first time in the history of baseball two major league pennants have been secured by one city, and for the first time the whole series of world's championship games will be played in one city. It is a record to be proud of.

Chicago is the capital of the baseball empire, the Mecca of the fanatical tribes, the Holy City of the national sport, and everything else superlative. The victory means two championships—count 'em; and, when you are through counting, add a third—the championship of the world. There is not another bit of base-ball bunting left on earth that is worth mentioning. Chicago has led the whole species of major league pennants into captivity, and can spend one long, silly, vainglorious year in listening while they drip.

The story of the fight of the two clubs for their respective pennants is an interesting one. The critics of the game agree that the National League team won because it was an aggregation of the best players in the league. The White Sox won because they fought desperately every minute of the time, after the season started, to win. They are not considered by the critics as the best players individually in the league, but they are brainy and game, and they played together. Americans admire grit, and the fighting quality that makes a man hang on and on and finally win out through sheer perseverance and endeavor, when the chances seem to be against him. It is this quality that has made the race intensely interesting to every lover of baseball in the country.

The victory also means a post-season series between the two teams of champions, which will be the greatest struggle of its kind ever played. The attention of the nation will be concentrated on Chicago while the exhibition of the most consummate skill that can be displayed on the diamond goes on. All of the able-bodied inhabitants and most of the lame, the halt and the blind will swarm to the gates. Chicago seems to be IT, Chicago has been IT, and Chicago is IT; likewise Chicagoans are not attempting to make any modest denial of their greatness. Chicago's cup of joy overflows.

NEW CHILD LABOR LAW.

Children Under 16 Can No Longer Work Nights.

In accordance with the provisions of the new labor law in New York State, many messenger boys, hotel pages and theater employes, as well as the children employed in industrial vocations, will be obliged to shift their hours of work or give up their employment altogether. The new law directs that no child less than 16 years of age shall be permitted in stores or factories or to engage in other occupations in cities of the first class after 7 o'clock at night. These provisions apply both to New York City and Buffalo, but in the interior of the State the influence of certain manufacturers was such that the limit for the labors of child workers was extended until 9 o'clock. The care of the observance of the law in the manufacturing establishments will be under the supervision of the State factory inspectors, while the board of health will be responsible for the enforcement of the new statute in all stores. It is specified in the second section of the law that "no child shall be employed beyond the prescribed hour in any mercantile establishment, business office or telegraph office, restaurant, hotel, apartment house or in the distribution or transmission of merchandise or messages."

The Squirrel Season.



Telegraphic Brevities.

The Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company has acceded to the demands of the elevated railroad motormen for an increase in wages.

A bridge over the tracks of the New York division of the Pennsylvania Railroad at 31st street and Columbia avenue, Philadelphia, collapsed. Six men were hurt.

The Thomas Palace National Historical Association of New York has incorporated at Albany, N. Y. The association is to hold the property in New Rochelle known as Paine square, which contains the Paine monument. The directors include Louis F. Post of Chicago.

President William M. Fogarty, in his report to the supreme convention of the Young Men's Institute at Indianapolis, favored a Young Men's Catholic Association on the lines of the Young Men's Christian Association.

Worthless paper to the amount of \$500,483 was found among the assets of the First National Bank of Chelsea, Mass., recently placed in liquidation, according to a report made by Receiver Askey. He classified \$348,711 of the assets as good and \$306,007 as doubtful. The total liabilities are given by him as \$774,859, including \$347,033 in deposits.

AFFAIRS IN CUBA.

UNCLE SAM'S PROTECTORATE IS TO BE ONLY TEMPORARY.

Rebels Laying Down Their Arms and Peace Being Restored—Cuban Elections Are Still a Long Way Off—Winthrop Governor.

In spite of her shortcomings and of the revolutionary methods which have produced anarchy on the island, Cuba is to be saved from herself. An American provisional government has been proclaimed by Secretary Taft to take the place of that which ceased to exist when the Cuban Congress failed to choose successors to President Palma and the Vice President, Mendez Capote, both of whose resignations were tendered to the Congress. Previously the resignations of the members of the cabinet had been accepted by President Palma, so that Cuba found herself without a government.

Secretary Taft thus became by proclamation the temporary provisional head of the Cuban government. The unique feature of the temporary change of government is that so far as possible all public officials are retained, the Cuban flag is kept flying over public buildings and the government is being administered in accordance with the Cuban constitution. Formerly, intervention and protectorates meant the substitution of the flag and laws of the intervening power; but in this case there is no such substitution—an object lesson to the world of the disinterestedness of the United States government.

Meantime American marines, who are being strengthened by the addition of 6,000 troops ordered to Cuba by President Roosevelt, are maintaining order on the island.



TROOPS LEAVING FORT SHERIDAN FOR CUBA.

Secretaries Taft and Bacon are now working energetically to effect internal reforms. They hope to have things in such condition as to be able to leave Cuba soon, feeling satisfied that after the arrival of Gov. Beekman Winthrop of Porto Rico the new provisional head of Cuba, their services will no longer be required. The first and most pressing reform will be the revision of the election laws. When the new elections will be held has not been determined.

Want Annexation. An important movement in connection with the Cuban elections, no matter when they may be held, has started among the foreign residents who have considerable property interests on the island. They all want annexation or permanent American occupation in the form of a protectorate, and they believe one proposition or the other can secure votes of enough Cubans of property to enable them to carry out their purpose if they can get it to a vote.

A league is forming to urge the provisional government to allow the submission to the people at the next election of these three propositions:—Shall Cuba remain a purely native government; shall it be annexed to the United States; or shall it have a government under the protection of the United States?

It is said that all persons with property interests will vote for one of the two last propositions and that they will be able to influence so many native votes that one of them will be carried. This, of course, means that all foreign residents shall be allowed to vote on the propositions, which they are now prevented from doing by law.

Of course in this particular the provisional government will be guided by the attitude of Washington and this attitude is still unknown. Judging by the time that must elapse before the Cuban elections are held, the American military occupation of the island will be long continued, for of course the military power of the United States must be maintained until Cuba is again able to look after her own affairs. The 6,000 troops ordered to Cuba will, it is expected, be able to deal with the situation, but if necessary, additional troops will be sent. The maintenance of peace and order is the first consideration.

Progress of Electro-Therapeutics.

The sixteenth annual meeting of the American Electro-Therapeutic Society was held at Philadelphia with an attendance of over 100 physicians. The addresses showed that electricity is steadily gaining ground as a means of curing disease. Dr. P. B. Bishop of Washington asserted that locomotor ataxia is curable by electric treatment if taken in its early stages, and greatly relieved in its later stages.

It pays to advertise in this paper.

DECREASE IN PENSION BILL.

Death Thins Ranks of Civil War Veterans—Interesting Figures.

The net decrease in the pension roll of the United States for the fiscal year ending June 30 last amounted to \$124,470, the largest decrease in the history of the country. These facts are brought out in the annual report of Commissioner of Pensions Warner, which has just been completed. In the report the commissioner expresses the opinion that there will be a still more marked decrease during the present year.

During the year there were added to the roll 33,500 new pensioners and 1,405 restorations and renewals, making a total addition of 34,974. The total number of pensioners on the roll during the year was 1,038,415. The number of pensioners dropped from the roll during the year was 47,444, leaving the number of pensioners June 30, 1900, at 985,971.

The maximum number of pensioners in the history of the bureau was reached Jan. 31, 1905, when it was 1,004,190, since which date there has been a steady decrease, aggregating to June 30, 1900, 18,225.

Death was the principal cause of the decrease of the last year, the number of names dropped on that account being 43,300. Of these 29,208 were those of survivors of the Civil War, leaving 988,453 survivors of that war still on the roll. There are still four pensioners on account of the Revolutionary War, one a widow and three daughters; 600, all widows, on account of the war with Spain, and 11,472 on account of the Mexican War.

The commissioner calls attention to the fact that, while there has been a material decrease in the number of pensioners, the annual value of the roll is nearly as large as it was last year, arising from the fact that the ratings of many invalid pensioners are constantly increasing.

Pennsylvania has the largest number of pensioners—98,829. Ohio follows with 98,574; New York, \$9,240.

More than 5,000 pensions are paid to persons residing abroad. Of these 3,567 are in Canada, 608 in Germany, and 495 in Ireland, the others being scattered.

TALK BY PRESIDENT.

ROOSEVELT FOR CURB TO CORPORATE RICHES.

Declares Federal Powers Must Be Enlarged to Cope with Lawless Wealth—Says Congress, Not States, Must Apply Remedy for Abuses.

Here are the salient features of the address delivered by President Roosevelt at the dedication of Pennsylvania's \$13,000,000 capitol building at Harrisburg. The President's speech had been printed at the Government printing bureau and advance copies were supplied to the press. For the first time the government printers used the phonetic method of spelling recently ordered by the President. The "reformed" words are spelled as they were in the President's copy. For the new evils which have arisen as the result of industrial changes the President says the remedies must be found in governmental action, and continues:

In some cases this governmental action must be exercised by the several States individually. In yet others it has become increasingly evident that no efficient State action is possible, and that we need thru executive action, thru legislation and thru judicial interpretation and construction of law to increase the power of the federal government.

If we fail thus to increase it, we show our impotence and leave ourselves at the mercy of those ingenious legal advisers of the holders of vast corporate wealth, who, in the performance of what they regard as their duty, and to serve the ends of their clients, invoke the law at one time for the confounding of their rivals, and at another time strive for the nullification of the law, in order that they themselves may be left free to work their unbridled will on those same rivals, or on those who labor for them, or on the general public.

In the exercise of their profession and in the service of their clients these astute lawyers strive and strive to secure passage of efficient laws and to secure judicial determinations of those that pass which shall enslave them.

They do not invoke the Constitution in order to compel the due observance of law alike to rich and poor, by great and small; on the contrary, they are ceaselessly on the watch to cry out that the Constitution is violated whenever any effort is made to invoke the aid of the national government, whether for the efficient regulation of railroads, for the efficient supervision of great corporations or for efficiently securing obedience to such a law as the national eight-hour law and similar so-called "labor statutes."

The doctrine they preach would make the Constitution merely the shield of incompetence and the excuse for governmental paralysis; they treat it as a justification for refusing to attempt the remedy of evil, instead of as the source of vital power necessary for the existence of a mighty and ever-growing nation.

Strong nationalist that I am, and firm that my belief is that there must be a wide extension of the power of the National Government to deal with questions of this kind, I freely admit that as regards many matters of first rate importance we must rely purely upon the States for the betterment of present conditions.

The President deprecates what he calls the narrow construction of the Constitution and limiting the power of the government to deal with corporations. He adds:

If we interpret the Constitution in narrow instead of broad fashion, if we forsake the principles of Washington, Marshall, Wilson and Hamilton, we as a people will render ourselves impotent to deal with any abuses which may be committed by the men who have accumulated the enormous fortunes of to-day, and who use these fortunes in still vaster corporate form in business.

All honest men must abhor and reprobate any effort to excite hostility to men of wealth as such. We should do all we can to encourage thrift and business energy, to put a premium upon the conduct of the man who honestly earns his livelihood and more than his livelihood, and who honestly uses the money he has earned. But it is our clear duty to see, in the interest of the people, that there is adequate supervision and control over the business use of the swollen fortunes of to-day, and also wisely to determine the conditions upon which these fortunes are to be transmitted and the percentage that they shall pay to the Government whose protecting arm alone enables them to exist.

The Government ought not to conduct the business of the country; but it ought to regulate it so that it shall be conducted in the interest of the public.

It is the narrow construction of the powers of the National Government which in our democracy has proved the chief means of limiting the national power to cut out abuses, and which is now the chief bulwark of those great moneyed interests which oppose and dread any attempt to place them under efficient government control.

Under a wise and farseeing interpretation of the interstate commerce clause of the Constitution, I maintain that the National Government should have complete power to deal with all of this wealth which in any way goes into the commerce between the States—and practically all of it that is employed in the great corporations.

The National Government can do but little in the matter of child labor, tho I earnestly hope that that little will be permitted to be done by Congress. The great bulk of the work, however, must be left to the State legislatures; and if our State legislatures would act as drastically and yet as wisely on this subject of child labor as Pennsylvania has acted within the present year as regards the subjects I have enumerated, the gain would be literally incalculable, and one of the most vital needs of modern American life would at last be adequately met.

NERVOUS DEBILITY

A Soranont Woman Tells How Dr. Williams' Pink Pills Made Her Well and Strong.

Nervous debility is the common name for what the doctors term neurasthenia. It is characterized by mental depression, fits of the "blues," or melancholy, loss of energy and spirits. The patient's eyes become dull, the pink fades from the cheeks, the memory becomes defective so that it is difficult to recall dates and names at will. Some of these symptoms only may be present or all of them. The remedy lies in toning up the nervous system and there is no medicine better adapted for this purpose than Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

Mrs. Jane J. Davies, of No. 314 Warren street, Soranont, Pa., says: "Some years ago I became greatly reduced in health and strength and my nervous system became so debilitated that I felt wretched. I could not rest or sleep well at night and woke up as weary and languid in the morning as I was when I went to bed. My head ached in the morning and often there was a pain in my right side which was worse when I sat down. My nerves were on edge all the time, every little noise bothered me and I was generally miserable. Then I decided to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People, as my husband had taken them with good results, and they did wonders for me. Now I have no more pain in my side, no more headaches, I sleep well and feel strong and able to do my work."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills cured Mrs. Davies and they can do just as much for other weak, pale, ailing men or women who are slipping into a hopeless decline. They strike straight at the root of all common diseases caused by poor and impoverished blood.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are sold by all druggists, or will be sent postpaid, on receipt of price, 50 cents per box, six boxes for \$3.50, by Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y.

Stands at the Head.

"You're a chiropractor, are you? How do you ever expect to rise in that profession?"

"I knew a chiropractor, sir, that got to be a manicurist, and then a barber; and that's about as high up as you can get, isn't it?"

State of Ohio, City of Toledo, Lucas County, ss: Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Remedy.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.

A. W. GILSON, Notary Public. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Satisfied Them All.

Ant Panthea Brooks lived in a little New Hampshire village very many years without quarreling with any one and was so thoroughly liked by every one for miles around that her popularity excited the interest of a summer visitor.

"Ant Panthea," he asked, "how is it that you keep on such good terms with every one, while they are all quarreling among themselves?"

"Well," said Ant Panthea, "being as you aren't to stay here long I'll tell you. When I go down the street I meet Jason Purdy, and he says, 'Why, Panthea, how well you look!'"

"I'm glad you think so, Jason," I say, smiling at him.

"Next minute up comes Eary Dracut."

"Well, now, Panthea," he says, "how poorly you are looking this year."

"My land, Eary," I say, "how quick you are to notice those things."

"So it is with everything. Those who like to think one way, I let 'em think it, and those who like to think the other, I let 'em think it."

Who can deny that Ant Panthea had discovered a comfortable philosophy of life?—Youth's Companion.

A Matter of Figures.

"Yes," said Farmer Cornsloss, "long about July the population of this 'ere town just doubles up."

"Summer boarders or green apples?" asked the new arrival, innocently.—Boston Transcript.

LOOSE TEETH

Made Sound by Eating Grape-Nuts.

Proper food nourishes every part of the body, because Nature selects the different materials from the food we eat, to build bone, nerve, brain, muscle, teeth etc.

All we need is to eat the right kind of food slowly, chewing it well—our digestive organs take it up into the blood and the blood carries it all through the body, to every little nook and corner.

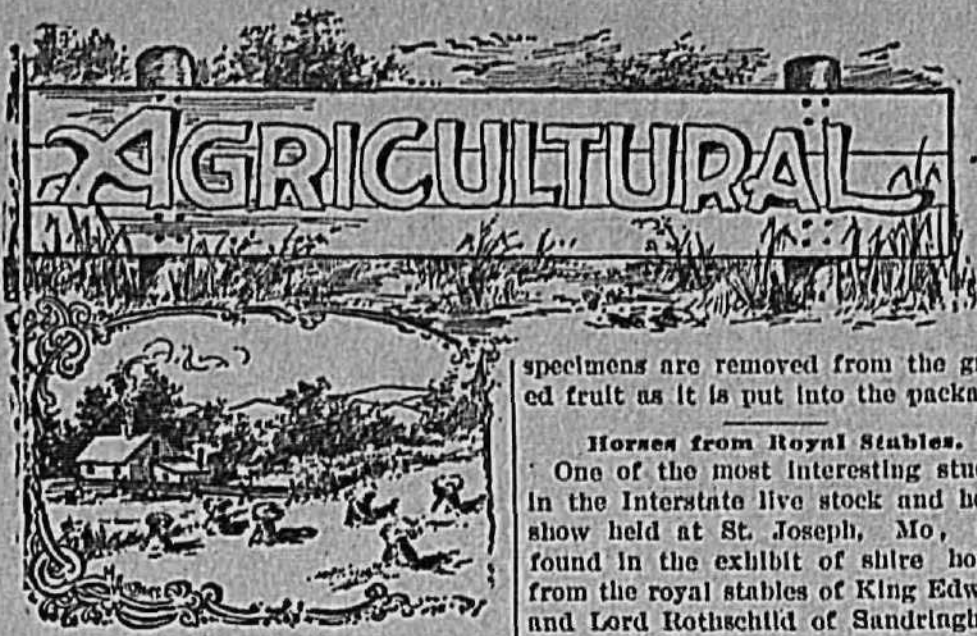
If some one would ask you, "Is Grape-Nuts good for loose teeth?" you'd probably say, "No, I don't see how it could be." But a woman in Ontario writes:

"For the past two years I have used Grape-Nuts Food with most excellent results. It seems to take the place of medicine in many ways, builds up the nerves and restores the health generally."

"A little Grape-Nuts taken before retiring soothes my nerves and gives sound sleep." (Because it relieves irritability of the stomach nerves, being a predigested food.)

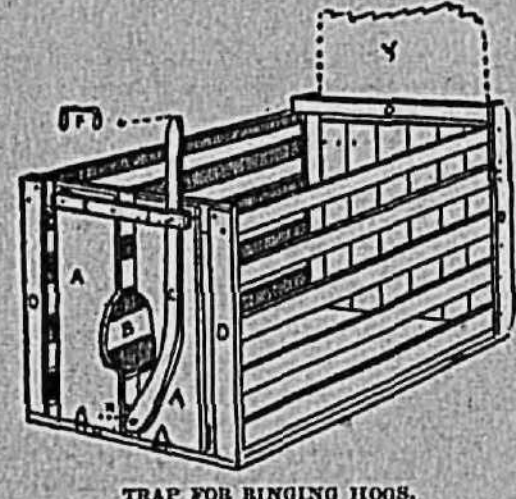
"Before I used Grape-Nuts my teeth were loose in the gums. They were so bad I was afraid they would some day all fall out. Since I have used Grape-Nuts I have not been bothered any more with loose teeth."

"All desire for pastry has disappeared and I have gained in health, weight and happiness since I began to use Grape-Nuts." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich. Get the famous little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkg. "There's a Reason."



For Ringing Hogs.

A ringing trap for hogs is a necessity on many farms, and the accompanying sketch shows a good form. The frame of trap is two inch by four inch pieces, D. D. and D., lapped and bolted at corners as shown, and a tight, smooth floor. Also side and top boards are solidly nailed to inner edge of the frame, as shown, making a strong crate from which boards cannot be crowded off. Rear end is fitted with slide door to raise up as indicated by dotted line V. Front end has a door, AA, made of two thick, strong boards on inside cross cleats at top and bottom. A, A, is joined at bottom by two strong hinges to frame D, and held up when in use by the iron clamp F, being placed down over top of door and frame, D. Door has a central opening B, below which are several bolt holes, for fastening an iron lever, C. The top of door also has wide cleat, E, bolted at one end with blocks behind to hold it out from door, so the other end will form a guide for lever C, which, when pulled forward, partially closes opening B, and firmly holds hog, with head through the opening. Lever C is fastened while in use by a spike nail inserted as shown, in one of several holes



bored through side cleat and door at Z. Opening B is twelve inches long and nine and one-half inches wide at widest place near lower end, and lower end of opening is ten inches above floor. Crate is four feet two inches long, two feet four inches high, and one foot six inches wide, inside measure. Place trap squarely with rear end close up to hog house door, with lever C thrown back; raise slide door, drive in a hog and drop slide door behind him, and he will thrust his head through the hole B. Pull lever C tight against his neck and insert spike to hold it there, and you can ring with ease a hog weighing nearly 400 pounds.

Best Preparation for Wheat.

If I could have my choice of ground to sow on, says a Pennsylvania farmer, I would choose a field where a heavy clover sod, or where cowpans had been plowed down and potatoes raised the present year, using at least 1,500 pounds high-grade fertilizer on the potatoes. The potatoes having been kept clean, and dug in good time, I would not plow for the wheat, but harrow at least four or five times, and then drill in the wheat, drilling with it 400 pounds of good fertilizer, with at least 3 per cent quickly available nitrogen, 8 per cent phosphoric acid and 6 per cent potash. Then in the spring, if it did not start to grow promptly, I would sow broadcast, 150 pounds nitrate of soda per acre. A heavy dressing of stable manure will make a large stand of straw which will not fill well unless one is sure the ground contains plenty of phosphoric acid and potash.

The Pig Pen.

The pig sty is nearly always filled with materials for absorbing manure, but they are not cleaned as frequently as should be the case. In winter, if the yard contains absorbents, they become soaked during rains, and are disagreeable locations for pigs. The pig prefers a dry location, as it suffers severely on damp, cold days. The materials in the pig sties will be of more service if added to the manure heap and a plentiful supply of cut straw thrown into the yard in its place. The covered shed, or sleeping quarters, should be littered a foot deep with cut straw, which may be thrown into the yard after being used, but the yard should always be cleaned out after a rain and dry material then added.

Pack Fruit to Look Well.

Says Professor Hutt of Maryland: The appearance of fruit often sells it. A package where the fruits are all of a size looks better than one where they are of different sizes and on that account sells better. A properly graded package should contain the same size of fruit from the top to the bottom, the face being an index to the whole package. There are many good machine graders that will sort accurately to size and will not bruise the fruit. This greatly reduces the labor and cost of grading. Defective

specimens are removed from the graded fruit as it is put into the packages.

Horses from Royal Stables.

One of the most interesting studies in the Interstate live stock and horse show held at St. Joseph, Mo., was found in the exhibit of shire horses from the royal stables of King Edward and Lord Rothschild of Sandringham, England. St. Joseph was fortunate in securing this stable as it had not been the intention to exhibit the horses this side of the Atlantic except in the king's dominion, Canada. Louis F. Swift, of Swift & Co., was influential in prevailing upon Manager Beck, representing King Edward, to exhibit the horses, at the Interstate in St. Joseph and the American Royal at Kansas City. "Our object in bringing the horses to this side of the Atlantic was primarily to stimulate interest in the big shires with the Canadians," said Mr. Beck. "Until within a few years the shire has been too scarce and high priced for the general run of breeders. They are still high priced, but are coming within the range of general breeding and are a profitable animal to breed for the big draft trade." These horses are fine specimens of the thoroughbred shire and are attracting much attention and favor wherever they are being shown. They are all great, heavy boned, thick muscled animals whose very carriage and bearing and spring motion when in action announce them as something above the ordinary in horse flesh.

The Selection of Seed Corn.

There is no time which is put in to better advantage or which fetches a larger return than that devoted to selecting the seed corn during the latter part of September and the first half of October. The advantage which securing the seed ears at this time has over the ordinary method of selecting at husking time lies in the fact that a choice of the earliest maturing ears can be made, a distinction that is impossible when all of the crop is ripe and ready to husk. For all the north half of the corn belt that type of corn is best which bears its ears low on the stalk. This means as a rule that such corn will mature early, and while the ears produced may not be quite so large as those which one has to reach above his head after they are much more likely to produce hard corn, which will keep after it is put in the crib. The shape and depth of kernel and form and type of ears are of very trivial importance as compared with the main question as to whether the corn itself is of a variety which will mature a crop in the latitude in which it is planted.

Pop Corn in Nebraska.

About 2,500 acres of pop corn are annually planted at North Loup, Neb., the growers using four pounds of seed to the acre. The crop is sold by the pound, and the average ear yields 2,000 pounds, though double that amount has been recorded in a few instances. The average price for the last ten years has been a little more than \$1 a 100 pounds, giving a gross return of upward of \$20 an acre. During the same period the average price of field corn has been 25 cents, and the average yield thirty bushels, giving a gross return of \$7.50 per acre.

Homemade Post Driver.

The construction of this post driver can be easily taken from the illustration.



tion. It can be made to work by man or horse power. If man power only, use one pulley. This can be made during the winter months and be ready for spring fencing.

To Have Wormless Apples.

A small tree with a fair scattering of Maiden Blush apples was sprayed once after blossoms had fallen with Bordeaux mixture with paris green added, and again with the same mixture when the apples were as large as half-grown crab apples. The barrel was left under the tree when through spraying the orchard the first time, and upon showing visitors how the sprayer worked the tree was "doused" several times. Not one wormy apple can be found on the tree, thus showing the necessity of very thorough spraying.

Caps for Haycocks.

For the benefit of those who are unwilling to purchase caps for covering the cocks we wish to say that alfalfa, properly coked, will shed water just as well as clover—in fact, many farmers claim that it will shed water even better and that it is no more difficult to cure than clover in any season. While this may be true, we urge the use of caps for the reason that alfalfa is so much more valuable than clover, and a little extra expense in this line is money well invested.

SEE FINISH OF ZION.

TOO MANY PROPHETS DESTROYING DOWIE'S CITY.

With Religion and Industries Shattered, the Once Thriving Community May Go Under the Hammer—Many Cults and Creeds.

Zion City seems to be on the verge of another upheaval, says a Chicago correspondent. Willbur Glenn Voliva, newly acclaimed at the polls and recognized by the United States Court as the head of the religio-industrial community founded and lost by John Alexander Dowie, is angry and disgusted over recent developments and is said to be on the point of abandoning the

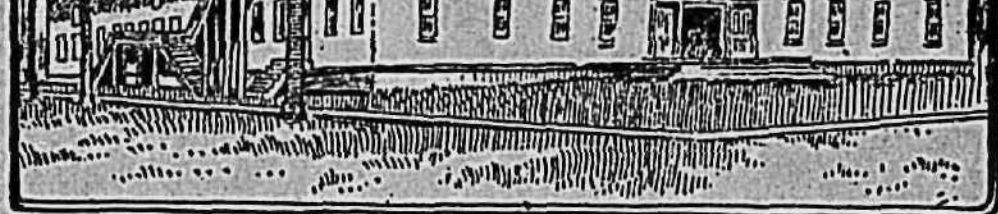


JOHN ALEXANDER DOWIE.

strenuous battle he has made for the perpetuation of Zion.

It is conceded that if he takes this step, the last vestige of hope for realization of the dream that Dowie and his followers shared will have been shattered.

The greatest asset that Zion City could boast—the unity of the people—is being disrupted by schism, jealousy and factionalism, and it is this condition that has made Voliva waver in his



ZION CITY TABERNACLE.

efforts to restore the peace and prosperity broken by Dowie's ruthless mismanagement.

Overseer Voliva has given a tentative ultimatum to the officers of the church. He demands the undivided loyalty and support of officers and people alike, and if he is to continue the fight, those who are now charged with responsibility for the present crisis must surrender completely or there must come a wholesale ousting of officers and members.

The trouble may be summed up in one sentence: Zion City is prophet-ridden. From within the church itself and from far and near outside have ap-



WILBUR GLENN VOLIVA.

peared proselytes who are scrambling for the fragments that remain from the explosion which ended Dowie's regime and placed Voliva in power. A variety of cults and creeds are represented and meetings are held nightly by self-proclaimed prophets and messengers, whose teachings, while not widely divergent from the faith proclaimed by Dowie, still tend to breed discontent and disorganization among the rank and file.

Some of these proselyters have succeeded in gaining recognition and support even among Voliva's officers, and there is no lack of disaffected ones who are willing to listen to almost any cult that promises the ideal religious emotion for which they crave. The chief complaint made against Voliva by the disaffected is lack of spirituality. But that spiritual desires are not alone responsible for the birth and growth of the schism in Zion is evident from a close survey of the proselyters and their supporters.

NOTABLE SPEED RECORDS.

Time for Vanderbilt cup race, 1905, 297.1 miles (track fast), 4 hours 30 minutes 10 2-5 seconds, made by Louis Wagner. Average speed, 61.43 miles an hour.
Time for Vanderbilt cup race, 1905, 253 miles (track fast), 4 hours 30 minutes 8 seconds, made by Hemery. Average speed, 61.5 miles an hour.
Railroad train, North Platte to Omaha, 201 miles—made in 4:30, an average of 63.49 miles an hour, August, 1897.
Railroad record for short distance—Bog Harbor to Brantford, Ontario, N. Y., 4.8 miles in 2:30, at a rate of 115.2 miles an hour, July, 1904.
Fastest hundred miles by man, running—13 hours 24 minutes 30 seconds (professional). Amateur record, 17:30:14.
Fastest time for short distance—One hundred yard dash, Arthur W. Duffey, 9.00 3-5; New York, May 31, 1902.
Fastest mile by a horse, running—Salvador, carrying 110 pounds, at Monmouth Park (straight course), Aug. 28, 1900—time, 1:35 3-4.
Fastest mile by horse, trotting—Lon Dillon, against time, Memphis, Oct. 24, 1903—time, 1:58 3-4.
Fastest mile by horse, pacing—Dan Patch, against time, Hamline, Minn., Sept. 7, 1900—time, 1:56.
Fastest 100 miles on bicycle, motor-paced, in competition, made by H. Caldwell, Revere, Mass., Sept. 8, 1904—time, 2:48:11 4-5.
Fastest mile in competition, Hugh McLean, Charles River Park track, Boston, Aug. 27, 1903—time, 1:00 1-5.
Fastest mile against time, Robert A. Waldour, Charles River Park, May 31, 1904—time, 1:00 1-5.
Fastest 100 miles in automobile, heavy-weight car, on regular track, made by Clements at Indianapolis, Nov. 4, 1905—time, 1:53:21 4-5. Straightaway record, made by Fletcher at Ormond, Fla., Jan. 30, 1905.

COST OF AUTO CUP.

Death Dealing Contest for Vanderbilt Speed Trophy.

With more than a quarter of a million spectators to cheer his skill and daring, Louis Wagner, driving a 100 horse power Darracq, Saturday won the third contest for the Vanderbilt cup over the Long Island course by 3 minutes 18 2-5 seconds. France has now won the three contests. The winner traversed the 297.1 miles, ten circuits of the course, in 4:50:10 2-5. His average speed an hour was 60.2 miles—a little faster than a mile a minute. It was slower than last year, when Hemery took the prize for the second time to France, but under the circumstances, weather, track and crowd considered, it was equal to last year in point of merit.

Second place went to Italy, with Lancia and his 120 horse power Fiat, while France was third with Duray's 120 horse power De Dietrich, and fourth with Clement's 120 horse power Clement-Bayard, and Germany took fifth with Jenatzy and his 120 horse power Mercedes. Not one of the Amer-

Pattern Department

UP-TO-DATE DESIGNS FOR THE HOME DRESSMAKER

A Charming Challie House Gown.

While garments elaborate enough to be called tea gowns sometimes misquerade as house-gowns, yet by this term is usually understood one of the simpler and more serviceable gowns, such as is shown in our sketch, whose graceful lines make any elaborate trimming quite unnecessary. This gown fits snugly under the arms, so there is no sug-



PATTERN NO. 1552.

gestion of "bagginess," but falls full and free from the square cut neck at both back and front. The short sleeves are full, edged with bands of insertion and frills of narrow lace, and a ruffle of the goods finishes the bottom of the skirt.

The above pattern will be mailed to your address on receipt of 10 cents. Send all orders to the Pattern Department of this paper. Be sure to give both the number and size of pattern wanted, and write very plainly. For convenience, write your order on the following coupon:

Order Coupon.

No. 1552.

SIZE

NAME

ADDRESS

Petticoat for a Child.

It is desirable, particularly with growing children, to support the weight of all garments from the shoulders and to see that the waist is not compressed with tight bands. This little petticoat is a most satisfactory model in this way. It consists of a waist fitting loosely but trimly, to which is attached a short, full skirt. This may be cut in either circular or gathered style, as shown in the sketch. The bottom is



PATTERN NO. 1550.

finished with a ruffle of embroidery. It is convenient, sometimes, to make these waists and skirts separately and button them together. It is a most serviceable little garment.

The above pattern will be mailed to your address on receipt of 10 cents. Send all orders to the Pattern Department of this paper. Be sure to give both the number and size of pattern wanted, and write very plainly. For convenience, write your order on the following coupon:

Order Coupon.

No. 1550.

SIZE

NAME

ADDRESS

Little About Everything.

Germany's navy costs \$42,000,000 annually.
To paint a battleship requires 150 tons of paint.
London's poor devils are cockroaches and are foreigners.
The East Indians called rock crystal an unripe diamond.
Americans are making an effort to establish a steel plant at Flushing, Holland.



Uncle Sam does not pay princely salaries to his army of clerks in Washington, but he has the merit of keeping those in service who demonstrate their ability and trustworthiness. No man who accepts a clerkship in any of the departments at the capital can hope to become rich, but if he behaves himself and gives reasonable attention to the work he is assured of employment for about as long as he cares to work. The man who has been longest in Uncle Sam's employ is James F. Hobbs, one of the disabusing clerks. For more than fifty-three years he has come and gone in the regular routine of his work for the government. During his half-century of service for the government he has paid out over \$200,000,000, and there is not one scratch against him showing an error of a single penny. There are several other clerks who have worked half a century and a large number who have been in the service for more than forty years.

Backed by the Navy Department, Fred J. Buenzle, a chief yeoman in the United States Navy, has begun suit for \$500 damages against the Newport Amusement Association, which conducts the Seaview Dancing pavilion, because he was excluded from the place of amusement on account of his sailor's uniform. Recovery of the sum paid for the ticket and \$500 for the annoyance, mortification, indignity and humiliation are demanded. This is the first civil action ever taken to establish the rights of United States sailors to appear at social entertainments in uniform. It is understood that the Navy Department is paying the legal fees in order to establish a precedent.

Fining of employees as a means of enforcing discipline in the postal service, a system that has been in operation for many years, is to be abolished. First Assistant Postmaster General Hitchcock, who has jurisdiction of all postoffice employees, has reached the conclusion that it is detrimental rather than helpful. He proposes to establish a uniform system of efficiency records. To that end he has started Assistant Superintendent John A. Holmes of his bureau on a tour of inspection of the largest postoffices of the United States. Dr. Holmes will confer with postmasters and their assistants regarding the change.

From a dray in the service of the United States Subtreasury in New York City a bag containing fifty dollars in nickels fell to the street, and the coins scattered in every direction. The crowd scrambled for the coins. An officer of the Treasury Department and a policeman explained that the money belonged to the government, and requested that it be given back. The response was immediate. Every one of the thousand coins was returned. There is no reason to suppose that this crowd had been specially chosen by fate to represent the American people.

Preparation for war is an expensive process. The United States gunboat Bancroft has just been consigned to the scrap-heap after but thirteen years of service; and the battleship Texas and the cruiser Philadelphia—both comparatively recent vessels—have been withdrawn from active duty. Within a short time thirty British war vessels have been sold for a sum the aggregate of which was less than the cost of the smallest of the vessels sold. A naval vessel wears out quickly, even in peace; for a vessel that is obsolete is worn out for naval use.

Who owns the champion egg layer of all hens? This question is raised by the Agricultural Department, through the temporary awarding of the prize to a fowl possessed by a worthy citizen of Alexandria, Va. The award is subject to revision and later returns may deprive the proud Alexandrian of his laurels. The Virginia champion has since Oct. 5, 1905, 291 eggs to her credit and before the close of the year will cross the 300 mark. Exclusive of the moulting season the hen has laid an egg every twenty-five hours.

Bodies of the pauper dead in the District of Columbia are not to be buried in the potter's field, but are to be cremated, for Congress has appropriated \$15,000 for building a suitable crematory. Objection to cremation is heard less frequently than it was a generation ago, possibly because the people have begun to understand that incineration is only a quickening of the natural process that goes on in the ground.

The Department of Commerce and Labor finds that the value of raw cotton exported in the last fiscal year, for the first time, missed the \$400,000,000 mark, exceeding by far the value of any other article of merchandise sent out of the country. Exports of breadstuffs reached \$184,000,000, provisions \$211,000,000, and those of iron and steel \$101,000,000. Europe is the principal customer for our raw cotton and China for the manufactured product.

THE ANTIOCH NEWS.

ANTIOCH, ILLINOIS.

A REPUBLICAN NEWSPAPER.

PUBLISHED WEEKLY BY
A. B. JOHNSON, - Publisher

By Mail, One Dollar Per Year, in Advance.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

Mr. Hearst now has the tiger trained so that it will feed from the hand. But the question remains whether it will stand without hitching.

The slurs about automobilists not taking time to enjoy the scenery might be more to the point if somebody would invent a really puncture proof tire.

It looks as though that paragraph from Governor Taft's proclamation about keeping the Cuban flag flying were a direct slap at the Isle of Pines.

Attorney General Moody has decided that there is nothing in the meat inspection law to prohibit the importation of continental sausages. Now let the frankfurter bark for joy.

Provisional Governor Taft's first move was to disband the Cuban volunteers, probably on the theory that only one army would have a desperate hard time getting up a scrap if there was nobody else to fight with.

It ought to be good news to the patrons of railroads all over the country to know that the Interstate Commerce Commission is considering a set of rules and methods of procedure that will insure, not only a reasonably speedy hearing to all complaints with which the Commission has to deal, but even a speedier decision as to the rights the case. It may be said in confidence that there is always back, not only of the Commission but of the Government, the specter of government railroad ownership which would be one of the last things with which the United States wishes to be saddled. Views as to the desirability of government ownership will of course vary with the individual, but it is the belief of this administration that government ownership of the railroads would result in the ownership of the government by the railroads. Therefore the Interstate Commerce Commission is trying, to the best of its ability, to make its control of the railroads real and satisfactory to everybody concerned, thus avoiding the burden of direct ownership. One of the first things that the reorganized commission contemplates is the division of the country into sections where certain members of the commission may go as often as is necessary to hear complaints, more or less after the manner of circuit court sittings. Some members of the commission will be left at all times at Washington to look after the routine work of the office, which is becoming increasingly heavy. The various sections of the new rule law will be interpreted so far as possible in advance and circulars prepared bearing on the various questions that will arise so that inquiries may be answered by promptly mailing these decisions, and thus avoiding individual correspondence over each case. It is believed that, when the new system gets to working, no case need wait longer than three months for a hearing after a complaint is filed, and the decisions may be rendered within at least sixty days after a case is heard. The commission also intends, at an early date, to take up the question of uniform rates over the various roads and will call the railroads into consultation as to the practicability of such an arrangement. If the railroads will voluntarily put such uniform rates into effect well and good, but if they will not, the commission will ask Congress for additional authority to impose such rates. Everything possible is being done to make the new law work smoothly and expeditiously, and it is stated by members of the commission that they are being met with a spirit of tolerable compliance by the railroads in their efforts to perfect the new law. The Interstate Commerce commission has been vested with so much authority under the new act, and is forced to deal with so many and such important problems that it has now attained almost the dignity of a federal department, and it is within bounds of possibility that it will be made so in name, as well as in fact, in the course of the next few years.

Danger In Fall Colds.

Fall colds are liable to hang on all winter leaving the seeds of pneumonia, bronchitis or consumption. Foley's Honey and Tar cures quickly and prevents serious results. It is old and reliable, tried and tested, safe and sure. Contains no opiates and will not constipate. Sold by J. H. Swan.

Foley's Honey and Tar cures coughs and colds and prevents pneumonia. Take no substitute. Sold by J. H. Swan.

Spent More Than \$1000.

W. W. Baker of Plainview, Neb., writes: "My wife suffered from lung trouble for fifteen years. She tried a number of doctors and spent over \$1000 without relief. She became very low and lost all hope. A friend recommended Foley's Honey and Tar and thanks to this great remedy it saved her life. She enjoys better health than she has known in ten years." Refuse substitutes. Sold by J. H. Swan.

AN INDEPENDENT CANDIDATE.

The expression, independent candidate, which is much used and abused can carry with it but one correct interpretation, and it seems strange that so many people do not stop to reflect seriously on what the expression really stands for, but as usual humanity is gregarious and when the bellwether sounds the call the flock follows the call without any attempt at individual. From time immemorial since the existence of government among men party factions have existed and these factions have adopted a set of principals which represent their views on all civic matters and the name platform has been commonly applied to this code of civic principles. In our own country from the time of the formation of the Federal party down to the present Republican party there has existed a definite platform upon which the various political parties took their stand and without which they ceased to become recognized as a party.

May we ask what the platform of the independent candidate really is? Does he stand for Democratic, Republican, Prohibition, or Socialistic principles? If not, what, we ask, constitutes his code of principles? There can be but one answer to this question and it is more than obvious from that answer that the term independent candidate is entirely synonymous with disappointed demagogue and who among either Republicans or Democrats would care to support a disappointed demagogue? Mr. Swayer's most devoted friends are the most ardent admirers and warm supporters of the very man who is responsible for the primary law which fairly defeated Mr. Swayer, and that man is none other than Gov. Charles S. Deneen. Therefore if Mr. Swayer has any one to blame for the rottenness of the primary law let him seek his friends and lay the blame at their door.

Perhaps Mr. Hendee realized the imperfections of the primary law just as thoroughly as did Mr. Swayer, but like Mr. Swayer he was among the "Beggars who could not be Choosers," and accepted the law as our state legislature made it, both candidates entered the contest and Mr. Hendee was nominated.

Now in the name of reason why is Mr. Swayer crying for his lost marbles? Why not accept his defeat like a man? If he has any energy to spare let him exert it in teaching his friends the folly of their way in supporting Gov. Deneen in his star roll of primary law maker.

Mr. Swayer's friends claim him to be the choice of the people and that he therefore is justified in becoming an independent candidate. If conditions were reversed, giving Mr. Hendee the popular vote but not the delegates, would the friends of Mr. Swayer think Mr. Hendee justifiable should he declare himself an independent candidate?

At the time the legislature convened to make the primary law there were men in the state legislature who endeavored to make only the plurality vote of the people necessary to a choice. Gov. Deneen and his friends would not stand for this because it would render useless Deneen's Cook county machine, which machine was necessary to grind out the material to be used by Gov. Deneen in building his boom for United States Senatorship. Now, because Mr. Swayer received the plurality vote and failed to get the nomination his friends blame it all to the unfairness of the primary law and thereby directly repudiate the action of the Governor for whom they did all the shouting at the recent primaries and for whom they continue to profess great love and loyalty. Now, candidly, is there any one who is able to explain this inconsistency?

The name "Direct Primary Republican" savors more strongly of William Randolph Hearst than of anything else we can suggest and the inconsistency which characterizes most of Mr. Hearst's political maneuvers is just about as plainly marked as this case.

Perhaps the Governor had no intention of mangling any of his friends in the intricate machinery of the great primary law which he so ably constructed, but on the other hand the Governor could not hope to save all his friends, and it is rather careless for those who received injuries to shoot into the tires of the Governor's formidable machine with a "Direct Primary Republican Blunderbuss."

Illinois Central R. R.

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VICKSBURG, MISS., AND RETURN

The special services and what it means to the veterans of the past Civil War and their children, have been considered worthy of more than ordinary attention by the railroads of the country, and, at this time, in connection with the

DEDICATION Illinois Monuments,

National Military Park, October 26, the Illinois Central Railroad will sell tickets from all stations in Illinois, and from St. Louis, Mo., to Vicksburg, Miss., and return at

Very Low Rates, October 24-25, with fifteen (15) day return limit.

SIDE TRIPS

to any point on the Yazoo & Mississippi Valley Railroad, A. & V. R. R. and V. S. & P. R. R. may be arranged for at Vicksburg on the basis of one fare plus 25c for the round trip. For instance, \$7.00 to New Orleans and return, from Vicksburg, with the privilege of making the return trip from New Orleans to Chicago direct via the Illinois Central if preferred. Dates of sale of side trip tickets, October 27-28 with return limit November 7.

Particulars concerning all of the above rates and leaving time from your particular station or nearest Illinois Central point, can be had at agent of Illinois Central or by addressing the B. G. HATCH, General Passenger Agent, Chicago, Ill.

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WAUKEGAN, ILLINOIS.
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Joseph Savage and wf to Paul MacGuffin part n w 1/4 sec 12 W Antioch twp s w d 3500 00

Wm. Nehrllich and wf to R F Rouse 4 acres in n w 1/4 sec 31 Libertyville twp w d 275 00

Chicago Title and Trust Co to Martin Oneson lot 9 blk 32 Chicago Highlands deed 350 00

Susan A Dietmeyer and hus to M B Salmon w 1/4 n 20 ft lot 2 blk 32 Waukegan w d 175 00

Susan A Blanck to J P Blanck lot 6 first add to blk 1 Wauconda w d 450 00

J E Hale to John Gartley lots 1 and 2 blk 52 North Chicago w d 2000 00

Minnie E Smith and hus to Chas Lepke lot 1 blk 4 Lenox sub North Chicago w d 950 00

Matilda A Trainer to J E Harris lot 260 Lake Forest w d 6000 00

A Peterson and wf to Frank Klein lot 8 blk 1 Johnson's add Antioch w d 1325 00

Catherine Robling to Wm Ahola lot 5 and part lot 6 blk 16 Sunderlin's 1st add Waukegan w d 2500 00

A A Davison and wf to A C Frost lot 9 sub of lot 160 Ravinia w d 2250 00

Homer Cooke and wf to A C Frost part n e 1/4 sec 29 Waukegan twp s w d 1 00

Chicago Title and Trust Co to T H Pim lot 4 blk 17 Chicago Highlands deed 310 00

C E Saylor and wf to W Symusiak lot 11 blk 10 Dreyer's sub North Chicago w d 450 00

Master in Chancery to Anna L Both et al 19 acres in s e 1/4 sec 27 Deerfield twp deed 1020 00

Lake County to Joseph Savage pt n w 1/4 sec 12 W Antioch twp deed 187 55

John Peterson and wf to F C Liphard lot 11 sec 16 Warren twp w d 4000 00

J B Hobbs and wf to N Odenbreit lot 9 blk 12 Lake Bluff w d 250 00

James Hood and wf to Village of Lake Bluff part lot 52 blk 17 Lake Bluff for street w d 250 00

James Hood and wf to Village of Lake Bluff strip of land east of Sunrise Ave Lake Bluff for park q c 1 00

D D Herrick and wf to Austin Clement 58 acres in secs 33 and 34 Libertyville twp w d 1 00

Austin Clement and wf to J M Patterson 221 acres in secs 33 and 34 Libertyville twp w d 27500 00

D D Herrick and wf et al to Austin Clement 93.42 acres in sec 4 Vernon twp w d 1 00

J R Fulton and wf to J F Pilliant lots 9 25 and 33 1st add to Washington Park Waukegan w d 1 00

R H Kellogg and wf to R H Aiken part secs 10 15 and 16 Benton twp q c 2000 00

H S Vail and wf to C M Vail part lot 18 blk 24 Highland Park w d 3600 00

H J Reynolds subdivision 11 lots Village of Barrington

J B Payne and wf to Julius Zimmerman lot in n w 1/4 sec 26 Deerfield twp q c 5 00

A F McKeown and wf to T B Tomb undivided 1/2 of 60 acres in n e 1/4 sec 1 Libertyville twp q c 1 00

Sarah A Higgins and hus to Fred K Denman lot 8 (except w 43.30 ft) blk 10 Exmoor add to Highland Park w d 600 00

H J Reynolds and wf to F L Martens lot 9 Reynolds sub village of Barrington w d 1 00

G P Renehan and wf to Leon Vanhasecke w 44 ft lot 7 blk 2 Hainesville w d 650 00

Master in Chancery to Mary Meier lots 9 to 16 blk 5 Dreyer's sub North Chicago deed 2327 88

Margaret J Thorpe and hus to J H Taylor undivided 1/2 of 56 acres in sec 28 Shields twp w d 2991 52

Never Ask Advice.

When you have a cough or cold don't ask what is good for it and get some medicine with little or no merit and perhaps dangerous. Ask for Foley's Honey and Tar, the greatest throat and lung remedy, it cures coughs and colds quickly. Sold by J. H. Swan.

Populous Japan.

Of the 12 largest cities in the world three are in Japan.

If an article is imitated, the original is always best. Think it over, and when you go to buy that box of snuff to keep around the house, get DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. It is the original and the name is stamped on every box. Good for eczema, tetter, boils, cuts and bruises, and especially recommended for piles. Sold by J. H. Swan.

DO YOU GET UP WITH A LAME BACK?

Kidney Trouble Makes You Miserable.

Almost everybody who reads the newspapers is sure to know of the wonderful cures made by Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney, liver and bladder remedy. It is the great medical triumph of the nineteenth century; discovered after years of scientific research by Dr. Kilmer, the eminent kidney and bladder specialist, and is wonderfully successful in promptly curing lame back, kidney, bladder, uric acid troubles and Bright's Disease, which is the worst form of kidney trouble.

Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root is not recommended for everything but if you have kidney, liver or bladder trouble it will be found just the remedy you need. It has been tested in so many ways, in hospital work, in private practice, among the helpless too poor to purchase relief and has proved so successful in every case that a special arrangement has been made by which all readers of this paper who have not already tried it, may have a sample bottle sent free by mail, also a book telling more about Swamp-Root and how to find out if you have kidney or bladder trouble. When writing mention reading this generous offer in this paper and send your address to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. The regular fifty cent and one dollar bottles are sold by all good druggists. Don't make any mistake, but remember the name, Swamp-Root, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, and the address, Binghamton, N. Y., on every bottle.

A Young Mother at 70.

"My mother has suddenly been made young at 70. Twenty years of intense suffering from dyspepsia had entirely disabled her, until six months ago, when she began taking Electric Bitters, which have completely cured her and restored the strength and activity she had in the prime of life," writes Mrs. W. L. Gilpatrick, of Danforth, Me. Greatest restorative medicine on the globe. Sets stomach, liver and kidneys right, purifies the blood, and cures malaria, biliousness and weaknesses. Wonderful nerve tonic. Price 50c. Guaranteed at J. H. Swan's drug store.

Baby had a little pain. Father said, "That kid again!" Mother gave her Cascasweet— Father said, "It can't be beat."

Cascasweet is a vegetable corrective for the stomach and bowels of babies and children. Contains no opiates and the ingredients are on each and every bottle. Pleasant to take. Sold by J. H. Swan.

Danger From The Plague.

There's grave danger from the plague of coughs and colds that are so prevalent, unless you take Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption, coughs and colds. Mrs. Geo. Walls, of Forest City, Me., writes: "It's a Godsend to people living in climates where coughs and colds prevail. I find it quickly ends them. It prevents pneumonia, cures laryngitis, gives wonderful relief in asthma and hay fever, and makes weak lungs strong enough to ward off consumption, coughs and colds. 50c and \$1. Guaranteed at J. H. Swan's drug store. Trial bottle free.

Attempting the Impossible. Don't flatter yourself that you can commit a sin without being found out. Thousands have tried it and failed.

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Thursday Oct. 11, 1916

LOCAL HAPPENINGS.

ETERN, L.L., Oct. 8—Butter firm at 26c. Output of the week, 686,300.

Miss Ada Lux spent Monday in Chicago. See my new line of \$2.00 to \$8.50 shoes Chase Webb.

Mrs. R. Johnson is visiting with relatives at Hebron.

C. B. Harrison was a Waukegan visitor the latter part of last week.

Mrs. Earl Webb of Waukegan is visiting relatives at this place this week.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Osmond spent Sunday with relatives at Richmond.

If you like good tea and coffee you know who sells it. Chase Webb.

New and second hand pianos for sale or rent. Prices always right. L. B. Grice, 201f

Mrs. Chinn spent Friday in Kenosha and the remainder of the week at Grayslake.

Mrs. Albert Herman spent the latter part of last week with relatives in Waukegan.

Mrs. Andrew Harrison spent the latter part of last week with friends at West Pullman.

Rev. W. G. Cleworth of Wilmette spent the latter part of the week with friends in Antioch.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Ames of Waukegan visited with relatives at this place the fore part of the week.

Lyman Paddock of Sauemin, Ill., is visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Paddock at this place.

Mr. and Mrs. D. A. Williams are enjoying a couple of weeks vacation with friends at Bridgeport, Conn.

Write to Alden, Bidinger & Co., Waukegan, Ill., for prices and terms on new and used pianos and organs.

T. A. Emmons and daughter, Mrs. Gilbert returned home on Friday after spending the past week with relatives in Waukegan.

Mr. C. O. Olson shipped his household goods to Chicago on Monday. We are sorry to lose Mr. and Mrs. Olson from our village.

Mr. and Mrs. Hermon Bock returned from their visit to Chetek, Wis., on Friday of last week and report having had a most delightful time.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Swan on Monday morning moved into their new home on Victoria street, which they recently purchased of C. O. Olson.

Lost—Between Antioch and Grass Lake an automobile brass tube cap. Finder please leave the same at the State Bank of Antioch and receive reward. Geo. D. Paddock.

Abc Crowley left on Monday for Durand, Ill.; where he will visit relatives and friends for a week or ten days. During his absence Mrs. Crowley will visit her daughter in Kenosha.

Mr. Heller of Washington, who is connected with the government department of zoology, is collecting animal species in the Fox Lake region and while there is stopping at Muehrcke's hotel.

Mrs. A. G. Watson left on Friday afternoon for Waukegan, Wis., where she will spend some time with her mother Mrs. Wallace. Her daughter Lillie accompanied her to remain over Sunday.

The mail order houses are busy just now sending out their big catalogues and at the Antioch depot there are a great many awaiting the call of the owners. The man with proper pride in his home town will continue to patronize the home merchant, however, as he can exchange his goods here if they do not prove satisfactory.

As the season for auction sales is now here we wish to call your attention to the fact that we are fully equipped to turn out sale bills on short notice, and a copy of the same will be run in the News free of charge.

The meeting of the Business Men's Association held at the village hall on Friday evening was well attended. The meeting was called to order by J. C. James, Jr., who was appointed temporary chairman, and A. B. Johnson was made temporary secretary. Some discussion was had as to the manner of organizing. The motion was made seconded and carried that E. B. Williams, E. L. Simons, and W. S. Westlake be appointed as a committee to effect a permanent organization, and report at a meeting to be held at the town hall on Railroad street, Friday evening, October 12.

During the past summer months we understand that it has been the fate among the ladies of the aristocracy to take early morning strolls while the dew is on the grass, as a means of beautifying their complexion. But now that the cooler weather is here, Antioch once more comes to the front and one of our enterprising music teachers who resides on Lake street, has introduced the fad of rising, making a careful toilet and cooking breakfast, the same to be accomplished not later than 2:30 o'clock in the morning, and although this may prove an excellent tonic for the complexion we can't promise to be one of the followers of the movement.

Mr. W. F. Ziegler spent Monday in Chicago.

Hugh Brogan has rented his farm, east of town to a Mr. Dixon.

A full line of heavy wool sweaters, and underwear at Chase Webb's.

Mrs. James Wilton is entertaining her cousin Miss Johnson, from Minneapolis, Minn.

Geo. H. Hartley has an auction sale on Tuesday, October 16. Read what he has to sell.

Mrs. Frank Mathews of Burlington is visiting relatives and friends here this week.

Attend L. L. Wiener's auction sale next Tuesday. There may be something there you want.

Twenty-eight above zero Wednesday morning. Get your winter overcoats out of "soak."

Miss Laura Williams who is attending the Lewis Institute at Chicago spent Saturday and Sunday at home.

Miss Mabel Turner of Grayslake spent the latter part of last week and the fore part of this week with Antioch friends.

Having completed a thorough course in the Kellogg-French Tailor System I have opened dress-making parlors at my residence on Main street. Mrs. Charles Lux.

I have opened up a dressmaking parlor in the Fred Thorn house on Maple St. and am prepared to do first class dressmaking with despatch. Prices reasonable. Satisfaction guaranteed. Miss O'Neill, 411f

The Wisconsin Central Rail Road company have just finished painting their buildings at this place and have also erected a new light. Everything is bright and sparkling around the depot these days.

Lawrence Wiener who resides east of town will have an auction sale on Tuesday October 16 and as soon as possible after that will start for the state of Washington where they expect to make their future home.

Mr. Wm. Hodge, who on account of poor health has been living with relatives at this place for the past two years, returned to her home at Solon Mills, the latter part of last week, and we are glad to state that at present her health is very much better.

Ben VanPatten, who has been visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Van Patten, for the past two weeks returned to his work at Delevan, Wis., on Saturday last. While here he made frequent trips to Chicago where he had his eyes treated for cancer on the lids.

The annual election of officers of the I. O. O. F. Lodge at this place was held on Thursday evening of last week and the following officers were elected: J. C. James, Jr., Noble Grand; Wm. Ranyard, Vice Grand; J. Cribb, sec'y; Norris Proctor financial sec'y; W. H. Osmond, treasurer.

At a meeting of the township commissioners of the town of Grant and the bridge committee of the board of supervisors of Lake county, held at the Muehrcke hotel at Fox Lake on Saturday of last week a contract was let for an iron bridge with a cement floor to be placed across the highway at the northwest end of Long lake, to the Continental Bridge company of Chicago for \$3,175.

Mr. Eli Judd who for the past seventeen years has carried the mail between the Antioch post office and the depot, has resigned his position on account of advanced age and poor health. During all the time that he has served as mail carrier he has been faithful to his duties scarcely ever failing to make his accustomed trips, and always willing to oblige those who were a little late to get their letters in the mail. C. B. Harrison has been appointed to the place and began his work Wednesday morning.

Two new ice houses are to be built in the town of Salem this fall and on both at present the railroad companies have forces of men grading for extending track facilities. One is at Silverlake, where J. Boyle builds north of the village and the other is at Paddock's lake north of Salem where Towes will build on land bought of Munson and Alva Paddock. Paddock's lake has escaped the ice man heretofore largely because property owners along the shore refused to sell land for such purposes. The land for the Towes house was bought through a second party.

A bashful young man was invited to dine. He was very much agitated. He sat opposite a mirror and discovered that he had forgotten to comb his hair. Then he dropped his fork on the floor and as he stooped to pick it up he upset his coffee. Matters went from bad to worse until finally the young man quit eating and put his hand under the table. The loose end of the table cloth was lying in his lap. When he touched it he turned pale. He thought that it was his shirt and that he had forgotten to put the garment in his trousers. That accounted for his further embarrassment. He hurriedly stuffed the supposed shirt into his trousers. Afterward when the family arose from the table there was a crash. The dishes lay in a broken mass on the floor. The young man pulled about three feet of table cloth out of his pants and flew to the woods.

Mr. and Mrs. L. B. Grice were Chicago visitors Monday.

Free notice in the News with all bills printed at this office.

Mrs. James Wilton spent the latter part of last week in Chicago.

Miss Lottie Jones is assisting in the postoffice during the absence of Mr. Williams.

Lee Miedendorff of Grayslake spent the latter part of last week with Antioch friends.

Mrs. Pitt Barnes is this week visiting relatives and friends at Waukegan and Chicago.

I am desirous of retiring from business, so offer my stock of merchandise for sale. Apply to D. Sugar, Lake Villa, Ill.

Ben Achen who resides east of town has rented his farm to Frank Dunn and will soon move to Evanston, where he expects to make his future home.

Although it is generally conceded that northern Illinois is not a peach growing country a number of our townspeople and farmers in this vicinity have been growing peach trees, but in the past years have been unsuccessful in their efforts. But this year their labors were crowned with success and some very fine peaches were raised hereabout, some even raising as many as two or three bushels. And now the lucky peach growers are vying with each other in describing the size and flavor of their fruit. Charles Pullen and Jake Savage are among those in town who harvested the largest crop.

Epworth League Lecture Course.

The entertainment committee of the M. E. church Epworth League wish to call attention to the fact that they have secured, as in previous years, a course of entertainments to be given the coming fall and winter.

This is not a financial scheme in any way, but a proposition whereby a high class of entertainments may be secured in the town.

We deem this a most worthy cause and earnestly solicit the support of the business men of Antioch by the purchase of season tickets, the price of which are \$1.00 for the course.

These tickets are transferable and if you do not wish to use them yourself, your friends may be glad to use them.

You can readily see that this money serves as a partial guarantee to the committee in order to contract for attractions. The committee will call on you in the near future. Respectfully,

Miss Lillie Watson, Mrs. Ferris, Mrs. Ziegler, Entertainment Committee.

Card of Thanks.

We wish to thank all those who so kindly assisted us during the sickness and death of our mother and especially those who contributed flowers. Guy Barnard, Mrs. Doris Trieger.

True and tried friends of the family—DeWitt's Little Early Risers. Best for results and best to take. Rosy cheeks and sparkling eyes follow the use of these dependable little pills. They do not gripe or sicken. Sold by J. H. Swan.

Poor Investment.

Many there be who buy nothing with their money but repentance.

Keep the bowels open when you have a cold and use a good remedy to allay the inflammation of the mucous membranes. The best is Kennedy's Laxative Honey and Tar. It contains no opiates, moves the bowels, drives out the cold. Is reliable and tastes good. Sold by J. H. Swan.

The new pure food and drug law will mark it on the label of every cough cure containing opium, chloroform, or any other stupefying or poisonous drug. But it passes Dr. Shoop's Cough Cure as made for 20 years, entirely free. Dr. Shoop all along has bitterly opposed the use of all opiates or narcotics. Dr. Shoop's Cough Cure is absolutely safe even for the youngest babe—and it cures, it does not simply suppress. Get a safe and reliable cough cure, by simply insisting on having Dr. Shoop's. Let the law be your protection. We cheerfully recommend and sell it. All dealers.

My Hair Ran Away

Don't have a falling out with your hair. It might leave you! Then what? That would mean thin, scraggly, uneven, rough hair. Keep your hair at home! Fasten it tightly to your scalp! You can easily do it with Ayer's Hair Vigor. It is something more than a simple hair dressing. It is a hair medicine, a hair tonic, a hair food.

The best kind of a testimonial—Sold for over sixty years.

Made by J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass. Also manufactured at SAKAGAWA, PILLS, CHERRY PECTORAL.

Ayer's

SPECIAL PRICES ON SEASONABLE GOODS

GROCERIES.

23 lbs. Granulated Sugar for... \$1.00
providing you take 2 lbs. of our 20c, 25c, 30c or 35c Coffee, or 2 lbs. of 35c, 40c, or 50c Tea.
We are making this liberal offer to introduce our FINE TEAS and COFFEES to the trade.
7 bars Galvanic Soap... 25c
13 bars Calumet Family Soap... 25c
7 bars American Family Soap... 25c
9 bars Armour's Lighthouse Soap... 25c
2 packages Johnson's Wash Powder... 50c
3 packages Gold Dust Wash Powder... 50c
7 bars Wool Soap... 25c
10 lbs. Sal Soda... 10c
Walter Baker's Premium Chocolate, per lb... 25c
Walter Baker's German Sweet Chocolate, per lb... 19c
Walter Baker's Breakfast Cocoa, per lb... 35c
3 packages Yeast Foam... 10c
3 packages Marie Yeast... 10c
Armour's Star Ham, per lb... 14c
Armour's Pure Leaf Lard, per lb... 10c
Armour's Fancy Bacon, per lb... 14c
Armour's Star Dried Beef Sliced, per lb... 20c
2 packages Perry's or Rice's Garden Seeds... 05c
Bulk Winkled Seed Peas, per quart... 10c

SHOES.

\$4.00 W. L. Douglas Shoes... \$3.00
\$3.50 W. L. Douglas Shoes... \$2.50
\$3.00 W. L. Douglas Shoes... \$2.25
\$2.20 W. L. Douglas Shoes... \$1.75
We also offer special prices on Odd Pairs in Men's, Boy's and Children's Shoes. Prices are much below present wholesale cost.

DRY GOODS.

Apron Gingham, per yard... 05c
Light Shirting Prints, per yard... 05c
Turkey Red Prints, per yard... 05c
50c Stamp Pillow Covers... 25c
25c Stamp Pillow Covers... 15c
Mosquito Netting, per bolt of 5 yards... 39c
5,000 yards Embroidery at special prices.

MILLINERY.

All Walking and Tailored Hats, 1/2 off regular prices. Trimmed Hats, 1/2 off regular prices.

For the approaching WHITE SEASON we are complete outfitters. White Waists, White Suits, White Duck and Linen Skirts, White Parasols, White Oxfords, White Hosiery, White Gloves and Belts.

F. D. BATTERSHALL, GENERAL * MERCHANDISE GRAYSLAKE, * ILLINOIS

Illinois Central R. R.

Very Low Rate

ACCOUNT

K. OF P.

Biennial Meeting Supreme Lodge

New Orleans and Return

In connection with this gathering of the Order of Knights of Pythias the Illinois Central R. R. will, on

Oct. 11, 12, 13 and 14

sell tickets to New Orleans and return at very low rates from stations north of the Ohio River, with return limit to October 30, 1916. Tickets are for continuous passage in both directions, except that at certain stations stop-overs will be permitted. See your local Illinois Central agent for further information, or write to the undersigned.

Solo Trips from New Orleans

may be arranged for by consulting with ticket agents, New Orleans. On sale October 16 to 25, inclusive. Final return limit of these solo-trip tickets (arriving New Orleans) October 30. S. C. HATCH, General Passenger Agent, Chicago, Ill.

For bertha and rheumatism use DeWitt's Kidney and Bladder Pills. Cleanse and purify the blood. A week's treatment for 25c. Sold by J. H. Swan.

FOLEY'S KIDNEY CURE

Cures Kidney and Bladder Diseases in Every Form—Many People Have Kidney Trouble and Do Not Know It.

HOW TO FIND OUT.

It is the function of the kidneys to filter and purify the blood which is constantly passing through them.

When the kidneys are out of order the other organs are affected immediately and you may have symptoms of heart trouble, stomach and liver trouble, and other ailments, which are all owing to the kidneys being weak and out of order.

If you are sick **Foley's Kidney Cure** will strengthen and build up the worn out tissues of the kidneys so they will act properly and the symptoms of weakness, heart, stomach and liver trouble will disappear and you will be restored to perfect health.

How to Tell if You Have Kidney Trouble.

You can easily determine if your kidneys are out of order by setting aside for 24 hours a bottle of the urine passed upon arising. If upon examination it is cloudy or milky or has a brick-dust sediment or small particles float about in it, your kidneys are diseased and **Foley's Kidney Cure** should be taken at once. **Foley's Kidney Cure** is pleasant to take and acts directly upon the parts affected and you begin to feel better at once.

It corrects slight disorders in a few days and it has cured many obstinate cases after other treatment had failed.

Doctors Said He Would Not Live.

Peter Frey, of Woodruff, Pa., writes: "After doctoring for two years with the best physicians in Waynesburg, and still getting worse, the doctors advised me if I had any business to attend to I had better attend to it at once, as I could not possibly live another month, as there was no cure for me. **Foley's Kidney Cure** was recommended to me by a friend, and I immediately sent my son to the store for it and after taking three bottles I began to get better and continued to improve until I was entirely well."

Two Sizes, 50c and \$1.00.

SOLD AND RECOMMENDED BY JAMES H. SWAN

WISCONSIN CENTRAL RAILWAY CO.

Antioch Station 58 Miles North of Chicago

TIME CARD—ANTIOCH STATION.

GOING NORTH
Lv. Chicago... 8:00 AM—Sunday Special...
8:25 AM—No. 6, Daily ex. Sunday...
1:30 PM—No. 7, Daily ex. Sunday...
4:00 PM—No. 18, Daily...
Ar. Antioch... 10:00 AM, 1:05 PM, 6:15 PM, 8:40 PM

GOING SOUTH
Lv. Antioch... 7:45 AM—No. 14, Daily...
11:15 AM—No. 8, Daily ex. Sunday...
4:20 PM—No. 6, Daily ex. Sunday...
6:30 PM—Sunday Special...
9:35 PM—No. 2, Daily...
Ar. Chicago... 10:00 AM, 1:05 PM, 6:15 PM, 8:40 PM

Patrons can now board or leave the above trains at Halstead street, Chicago, instead of the Central station if so desired.

GEO. KUHAUPT, Agent, Antioch.

SEQUOIA LODGE, No. 827, A. F. & A. M., holds regular communications the first and third Wednesday evenings of every month. Visiting Brethren always welcome. The Eastern Star meets second and fourth Wednesdays of each month. GEO. BARTLETT, Sec'y.

SOL. LAFLANT, M. W.

LOTUS CAMP No. 567 M. W. A. meets at 7:30 the first and third Monday evening of every month, in wooden hall, Antioch, Illinois. Visiting neighbors always welcome. C. M. MASTER, V. C. J. C. JAMES, Jr., Clerk.

James A. Thom, M. D. C. Veterinarian

PHONE—MILLBURN. ADDRESS—Antioch R. F. D. No. 2.

Dr. James H. Reading, DENTIST.

Central Block Antioch, Illinois

THE BROOKE—BARLOW INVESTMENT CO.

has Money To Loan on good improved farms at 5 per cent interest. Inquire BANK OF ANTIOCH.

Can you win? You realize that to win in anything these days, requires strength, with mind and body in tune. A man or woman with disordered digestive organs is not in shape for a day's work or a day's play. How can they expect to win? Kodol for Dyspepsia contains the digestive juices of a healthy stomach and will put your stomach in shape to perform its important function of supplying the body and brain with strength building blood. Digests what you eat, relieves indigestion, dyspepsia, sour stomach, palpitation of the heart and constipation. Sold by J. H. Swan.

Sour Stomach

No appetite, loss of strength, nervousness, headache, constipation, bad breath, general debility, sour risings, and catarrh of the stomach are all due to indigestion. Kodol relieves indigestion. This new discovery represents the natural juices of digestion as they exist in a healthy stomach, combined with the greatest known tonic and reconstructive properties. Kodol for dyspepsia does not only relieve indigestion and dyspepsia, but this famous remedy helps all stomach troubles by cleansing, purifying, sweetening and strengthening the mucous membranes lining the stomach.

Mr. S. S. Ball, of Ravenswood, W. Va., says: "I was troubled with sour stomach for twenty years. Kodol cured me and we are now using it in milk for baby."

Kodol Digests What You Eat.

Bottles only. Relieves indigestion, sour stomach, belching of gas, etc.

Prepared by E. C. DEWITT & CO., CHICAGO.

J. H. SWAN, ANTIOCH.

BANK OF ANTIOCH.

EDWARD BROOK, BANKER.

BUY AND SELL EXCHANGE, AND DO A GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS.

Madame Midas

By Fergus Hume

CHAPTER XIII.—(Continued.)

"Merely!" cried the unfortunate woman, taken by surprise, and involuntarily tightening the reins, the horse stopped—"who are you?"

Villiers never said a word, but tightened his grasp on her throat and shortened his stick to give her a blow on the head. Fortunately, Madame Midas saw his intention, and managed to wrench herself free, so the blow aimed at her only slightly touched her, otherwise it would have killed her.

As it was, however, she fell forward, half stunned, and Villiers, hurriedly dropping his stick, bent down and seized the box which he felt under his feet and intuitively guessed contained the nugget.

With a cry of triumph he hurled it out on to the road, and sprang out after it, but the cry woke his wife from the semi-stupor into which she had fallen.

Her head felt dizzy and heavy from the blow, but still she had her senses about her, and the moon bursting out from behind a cloud rendered the night as clear as day.

Villiers had picked up the box, and was standing on the edge of the bank, just about to leave. The unhappy woman recognized her husband, and uttered a cry.

"You! you!" she shrieked, wildly, "coward! dastard! Give me back that nugget!" leaning out of the trap in her eagerness.

"We're quits now, my lady," retorted Villiers, and he turned to go.

Madened with anger and disgust, his wife snatched up the stick he had dropped, and struck him on the head as he took a step forward. With a stifled cry he staggered and fell over the embankment, still clutching the box in his arms. Madame let the stick fall, and fell back fainting on the seat of the trap, while the horse, startled by the noise, tore down the road at a mad gallop.

Madame Midas lay in a dead faint for some time, and when she came to herself she was in the trap, and Rory was calmly trotting along the road home. At the foot of the hill, the horse, knowing every inch of the way, had settled down into his steady trot for the Pactorius, but when Madame grasped the situation, she marvelled to herself how she had escaped being dashed to pieces in that mad gallop down the Black Hill.

Her head felt painful from the effects of the blow she had received, but her one thought was to get home to Archie and Selina, so gathering up the reins she sent Rory along as quickly as she could. When she drove up to the gate Archie and Selina were both out to receive her, and when the former went to lift her off the trap, he gave a cry of horror at seeing her dishevelled appearance and the blood on her face.

"Heaven save us!" he cried, lifting her down; "what's come to ye, and where's the nugget?" seeing it was not in the trap.

"Lost!" she said, in a stupor, feeling her head swimming, "but there's worse." "Worse?" echoed Selina, and Archie, who were both standing looking terrified at one another.

"Yes," said Mrs. Villiers, in a hollow whisper, leaning forward and grasping Archie's coat. "I've killed my husband," and without another word, she fell fainting to the ground.

At the same time Vandelpout and Pierre walked into the bar at the Wattle Tree Hotel. Pierre went to his bed, and Vandelpout, humming a gay song, turned on his heel and went to the theater.

CHAPTER XIV.

The Wopples family were true Bohemians, and had not yet lost their way to the pleasant city. They accepted good and bad fortune with wonderful equanimity, and if their pockets were empty one day, there was always a possibility of their being full the next. When this was the case they generally celebrated the event by a little supper, and as their present season in Ballarat bid fair to be a successful one, Mr. Theodore Wopples determined to have a convivial evening after the performance was over.

That the Wopples family were favorites with the Ballarat folk was amply seen by the crowded house which assembled to see "The Cruet Stand." The audience were very impatient for the curtain to rise, as they did not appreciate the overture, which consisted of airs adapted for the violin and piano by Mr. Handel Wopples, who was the musical genius of the family, and sat in the conductor's seat, playing the violin and conducting the orchestra of one, which, on this occasion, was Miss Jeanina Wopples, who presided at the piano.

Then the orchestra played the "Wopples' Waltz," dedicated to Mr. Theodore Wopples by Mr. Handel Wopples, and during the performance of this Mr. Villiers walked into the theater. He was a little pale, as was only natural after such an adventure as he had been engaged in, but otherwise seemed all right. He walked up to the first row of the stalls, and took his seat beside a young man of about 25, who was evidently much amused at the performance.

"Hallo, Villiers!" said this young gentleman, turning round to the new arrival, "what d'ye think of the play?"

"Only just got in," returned Mr. Villiers, sulkily. "Any good?" "Well, not bad," returned the other. "I've seen it in Melbourne, you know—the original, I mean, this is a very second-hand affair."

Just as the orchestra were making their final plunge into the finale of the "Wopples' Waltz," Mr. Vandelpout, cool and calm as usual, strolled into the theater, and seeing a vacant seat beside Villiers, walked over and took it.

"Good evening, my friend," he said, touching Villiers on the shoulder. "Enjoying the play, eh?" Villiers angrily pushed away the

Frenchman's hand and glared vindictively at him.

"Ah, you still bear malice for that little episode of the ditch," said Vandelpout, with a gay laugh. "Come, now, this is a mistake; let us be friends. Seen your wife lately?"

This apparently careless inquiry caused Mr. Villiers to jump suddenly out of his seat, much to the astonishment of his friend Barry.

Altogether "The Cruet Stand" was a success, and would have a steady run of three nights at least, so Mr. Wopples said. Villiers, Vandelpout and Barry went out, and as none of them felt inclined to go to bed, Villiers told them he knew Mr. Theodore Wopples, and proposed that they should go behind the scenes and see him. This was unanimously carried, and after some difficulty with the doorkeeper, they obtained access to the mysterious regions of the stage, and there found Master Sheridan Wopples practicing a breakdown while waiting for the rest of the family to get ready. He volunteered to guide them to his father's dressing room, and on knocking at the door Mr. Wopples' voice boomed out "Come in," in such an unexpected manner that it made them all jump.

Of course, they all expressed themselves delighted, and as the entire Wopples family had already gone to their hotel, Mr. Wopples with his three guests went out of the theater and wended their way towards the same place.

They soon arrived at the hotel, and having entered, Mr. Wopples pushed open the door of a room from whence the sound of laughter proceeded, and introduced the three strangers to his family. The whole ten, together with Mrs. Wopples, were present, and were seated around a large table plentifully laden with cold beef and pickles, salads and other things too numerous to mention. Mr. Wopples presented them first to his wife, a faded, washed-out looking lady, with a perpetual simper on her face, and clad in a lavender muslin gown with ribbons of the same description, she looked wonderfully light and airy.

"This," said Mr. Wopples in his deep voice, holding his wife's hand as if he were afraid she would float upward through the ceiling like a bubble, "this is my flutterm."

Why he called her his flutterm no one ever knew, unless it was because her ribs were incessantly fluttering; but, had he called her his shadow, the name would have been more appropriate. Mrs. Wopples fluttered down to the ground in a bow, and then fluttered up again.

"Gentlemen," she said, in a thin, clear voice, "you are welcome. Did you enjoy the performance?"

"Madame," returned Vandelpout, with a smile, "need you ask that?"

A shadowy smile floated over Mrs. Wopples' indistinct features, and then her husband introduced the rest of the family in a bunch.

"Gentlemen," he said, waving his hand to the expectant ten, who stood in a line of five male and five female, "the celebrated Wopples family."

The ten all simultaneously bowed at this as if they were worked by machinery, and then every one sat down to supper. Mr. Theodore Wopples taking the head of the table. All the family seemed to admire him immensely, and kept their eyes fastened on his face with affectionate regard. When it was nearly twelve o'clock Vandelpout rose to take his leave.

"Oh, you're not going yet," said Mr. Wopples, upon which all the family echoed, "Surely, not yet," in a most hospitable manner.

"I must," said Vandelpout, with a smile. "I know Madame will excuse me," with a bow to Mrs. Wopples, who thereupon fluttered nervously; "but I have to be up very early in the morning."

"In that case," said Mr. Wopples, rising. "I will not detain you; early to bed and early to rise, you know; not that I believe in it much myself, but I understand it is practiced with good results by some people."

"Good night, Messrs. Villiers and Jarpet," said Vandelpout, going out of the door. "I will see you to-morrow."

"And we also, I hope," said Mr. Wopples, ungrammatically. "Come and see 'The Cruet Stand' again. I'll put your name on the free list."

M. Vandelpout thanked the actor warmly for this kind offer, and took himself off; as he passed along the street he heard a burst of laughter from the Wopples family, no doubt caused by some witticism of the head of the clan.

He walked slowly home to the hotel, thinking deeply. When he arrived at the "Wattle Tree" he saw a light still burning in the bar, and on knocking at the door, was admitted by Miss Twixby, who had been making up accounts, and whose head was adorned with curl papers.

"My!" said this damsel, when she saw him, "you are a nice young man coming home at this hour—twelve o'clock. See," and, as a proof of her assertion, she pointed to the clock.

"Were you waiting up for me, dear?" asked Vandelpout, audaciously.

"Not I," retorted Miss Twixby, tossing her curl papers; "I've been attending to par's business."

CHAPTER XV.

Madame Midas, as may be easily guessed, did not pass a very pleasant night after the encounter with Villiers. Her head was very painful from the blow she had given her, and added to this she was certain she had killed him.

Though she hated the man who had ruined her life, and who had tried to rob her, still she did not care about becoming his murderer, and the thought was madness to her. Not that she was afraid of punishment, for she had acted only in self-defense, and Villiers, not she, was the aggressor.

Meanwhile she waited to hear if the body had been found, for all news travels

fast; and as everyone knew Villiers was her husband, she was satisfied that when the corpse was found she would be the first to be told about it. But the day wore on, and no news came, so she asked Archie to go into Ballarat and see if the discovery had been made.

"Deed, mom," said Archie, in a consoling tone, "I'm thinkin' there's no word at all. Maybe ye only stopped his pranks for a wee bit, and he's all right."

"I gave him such a terrible blow," she said, mournfully, "and he fell like a stone over the embankment."

"He did not leave go the nugget, anyhow, ye know," said Archie, dryly; "so he couldn't have been very far gone, but I'll go to the town and see what I can hear."

There was no need for this, however, for just as McIntosh got to the door, Vandelpout, cool and complacent, sauntered in, but stopped short at the sight of Mrs. Villiers sitting in the arm chair looking so ill.

"My dear Madame," he cried in dismay, going over to her; "what is the matter with you?"

"Matter enough," growled McIntosh, with his hand on the door handle; "that husband o' hers has robbed her o' the nugget."

"Yes, and I killed him," said Madame between her clenched teeth.

"The mischief you did," said Vandelpout, in surprise, taking a seat, "then he was the liveliest dead man I ever saw."

"What do you mean?" asked Madame, leaning forward, with both hands gripping the arms of her chair; "is—is he alive?"

"Of course he is," began Vandelpout; "—but here he was stopped by a cry from Selina, for her mistress had fallen back in a dead faint."

Hastily waving the men to go away, she applied remedies and Madame soon revived. Mrs. Villiers felt intense disgust toward her husband as she sat with tightly clenched hands and dry eyes listening to Vandelpout's recital.

"Well," said Mr. McIntosh at length, rubbing his scanty hair, "this child of ill-luck is flourishing like a green bay tree by many waters; but we may cut it down an' lay an axe at the root thereof."

"And how do you propose to chop him down?" asked Vandelpout slyly.

"Put him in jail for running away w' the nugget," retorted Mr. McIntosh, vindictively.

"A very sensible suggestion," said Gaston, approvingly.

"Now that he has obtained what he wanted, perhaps he'll leave me alone; I will do nothing," said Madame Midas.

"Do nothing!" echoed Archie, in great wrath. "Will ye let that friend o' Beelzebub run away with a three hundred ounces of gold an' do nothing?" Keep the nugget! Never!

This was the first time that Archie had ever dared to cross Mrs. Villiers' wishes, and she stared in amazement at the unwonted spectacle. This time, however, McIntosh found an unexpected ally in Vandelpout, who urged that Villiers should be prosecuted.

"He is not only guilty of robbery, Madame," said the young Frenchman, "but also of an attempt to murder you, and while he is allowed to go free your life is not safe."

Selina also contributed her mite of wisdom in the form of a proverb:

"A stitch in time saves nine," intimating thereby that Mr. Villiers should be locked up and never let out again, in case he tried the same game on with the next big nugget found.

Meanwhile there was another individual in Ballarat who was much interested in Villiers, and this kind-hearted gentleman was none other than Silvers. Villiers was accustomed to come and sit in his office every morning and talk to him about things in general, and the Pactorius claim in particular. On this morning, however, he did not arrive, and Silvers was much annoyed thereat. He determined to give Villiers a piece of his mind when he did see him. He went about his business at "The Corner," bought some shares, sold others, and swindled as many people as he was able, then came back to his office and waited in all the afternoon for his friend, who, however, did not come.

(To be continued.)

There is related an anecdote of former Speaker Reed of the House of Representatives, which is almost good enough to be true. He had visited a barber shop in Washington for a shave.

After the negro barber had scraped his chin, he began to cast about for further work, or for a chance to sell hair tonics.

"Hair purty thin, sub," he said, fingering the two or three stray locks that fringed Mr. Reed's bald pate.

"Been that way long, sub?"

"I was born that way," replied Reed.

"Afterward I enjoyed a brief period of hirsute efflorescence, but it did not endure."

The barber gasped and said no more. Later some one told him he had shaved the Speaker.

"Spoken!" he exclaimed. "Don't I know dat? I should say he was a speakah, sure 'nuf!"

Woman's Opportunity.

Meeting a negro, a certain Southern gentleman asked him how he was getting on.

"The negro assumed a troubled look and replied:

"Oh, so far's physicality goes, I'm all right; but I sure do have ma troubles wif ma wife."

"Well, Sam, I'm sorry to hear that. What seems to be the matter?"

"She's thinks money grows on trees, I reckon. All de time she keeps peesterin' me foh plinch o' change. If it ain't a dollah it's a half or a quarter she wants."

"What on earth does she do with the money?"

"I dunno. Ain't nevah give her none yet."

His Sole Object.

"Really," exclaimed Mr. Chellus, "I wonder if you realize what sort of an object you make, dang!" around after Miss Millyuns in that way."

"Sure," replied Mr. Geththare, "object matrimony."—Philadelphia Press.

When a sick person is more than 70, people say: "His age is against him."



Fine corn meal mixed with milk will fatten fowls rapidly.

The egg-layer should have a rather nervous make-up, with a slender body, long legs, a thin neck and a small head.

We are too prone to attribute our crop failure to some defect in nature and that of our neighbor's to his laziness.

Animals, like people, appreciate and should receive kind and considerate treatment. It is a form of investment that fetches good returns.

Provide warm quarters for the sheep. Turnips, with a little rye bran, are good to eke out the pasture. Keep the ram with the flock for early lambs.

The Elberta peach is said to be a cross between an Early Crawford and the Chinese cling, and is an accidental hybrid produced by planting one near the other.

To the tired, overworked, lamed or otherwise out-of-condition horses there is no sanatorium nor hospital that compares with a good pasture, with some protection from sun and passing showers.

Some of the organizations of farmers who would regulate the prices of farm products have just come up to the problem that in some things, such as wheat, there exists a world's competition which they are powerless to regulate.

Book farming is all right, but not always do we find the book farmer right. It is well enough to know the rules of practical agriculture and it is all right to put them to practice, but we often see people who are in practice and they do better than others.

The man who lives near a large city is not coming up to his possibilities if he does not cater to the best markets near his home. There are many farm products the city people would like to have which he could furnish. This is a trade that it pays to cater to.

Carefully conducted experiments in the spraying of potatoes show that while the cost of thorough spraying during the season is but from \$4 to \$6 an acre, it has resulted in an average gain of about \$23 per acre during a period of three years over corresponding fields that were left unsprayed.

Nowhere does organization count for any more than it does in a thrashing club. Such clubs are advantageous in that their members know who is going to help, and when they are to have their work done. There are no laggards and every man has an interest in the work that is being done, whether at home or at a neighbor's.

Thorough cultivation of orchards has come to be one of the most important operations. It not only makes plant food more available, but is a valuable protection against drought. In soils which are unusually hard, poor in humus, and in which the trees do not form a taproot, it is extremely important that the ground be loosened by cultivation and by the turning under of green manure crops.

About the only blinding law some states have four keeping weeds cut along the highways is the law governing a man's self-respect. Most men do not like to have weeds grow along the highway contiguous to their farms, but now and then you will find a farmer who is perfectly willing to let them grow. There ought to be a rigid law for the latter. The former is not under the law at all; he does not need it.

The wheat producer is told in one paper that it would be best for him to hold his crop for better prices. In another paper equally as reliable he is told that "every decline of one cent per bushel on wheat puts it near the export price, and it is the price abroad that must determine crop values as long as we have a surplus." In the multitude of such counsels it will stand the wheat-grower in hand to "know where he is at."

A steady increase in the membership of the Grange is noticed in most of the eastern states. The co-operative idea has not taken so well with the western farmers, probably because they have been especially busy in developing a new country, but the Grange idea is penetrating into every section and it soon will have a large membership. The good things that the Grange stands for are being better understood and its influence is widening in proportion.

Preserving Shingled Roofs.

Many dollars may be saved by making your roof last five or more years longer than is usual before reshingling. Take some air-slaked lime and when the shingles are damp sprinkle it upon the upper part of the roof. It will gradually wash over the whole of it and preserve it wonderfully. A bushel of lime will be sufficient for 1,000 square feet. If you don't believe this

examine your roof and notice the difference in that part where the lime has washed from the chimney.

Best Stock Profitable.

Successful dairying has proved that the greater profit comes from the best cows, whatever their kind. This is as true of pure bred or registered stock as of common cows. It is better to pay \$300 for three excellent cows than to pay the same for four cows or five which are only fair. A really superior dairy cow of a superior family, with pedigree which gives assurance of calves equal to the dam, if not better, is always worth a large price. Such an animal adds much to the average value of any dairy herd. In buying registered dairy cattle deal only with men of reputation as breeders and of strict integrity.

Points on Prairie Soil.

All who have taken up prairie farms will recognize the truth of the following statement of Professor Ten Eyck, of Kansas, in regard to them:

When the wild prairie is first broken the soil is mellow, moist and rich, producing abundant crops. After a few years of continuous grain cropping and cultivation, the physical condition of the soil changes—the soil grains become finer; the soil becomes more compact and heavier to handle; it dries out quicker than it used to and often turns over in hard clods and lumps when plowed. The perfect tilth and freedom from clods, so characteristic of virgin soils, is always more or less completely restored whenever land has been laid down to grass for a sufficient length of time.

The Granary of South America.

The Argentine Republic is best known of all the South American countries because it produces cereals and beef, mutton, wool and hides in competition with the United States, Canada and European countries; yet it is difficult to keep pace with the enormous growth of Argentine agriculture during the last few years, just as very many persons are still unable to grasp the fact that instead of being a little country somewhere down in South America, it is twenty-eight times the size of Ohio, and that while in the northern regions it produces sugar and other tropical products, yet as a whole it is to be viewed as another Mississippi valley. The Argentine minister of agriculture estimates the wheat crop for the current year at 3,822,000 tons, the area under cultivation being 14,028,000 acres. The foreign commerce this year will exceed \$550,000,000.

How to Make a Good Road Grader.

A good road grader can be made for about \$5 that will make a good grade quicker and with fewer teams than the usual \$300 graders. Nail solidly together three planks in the form of a letter A; then, on one side fasten a bar of iron or steel about 4 inches wide, letting it project down about two inches; on the other side fasten on a similar iron with a slight curve outward, projecting only about one-half inch below plank. Now plow two or three furrows on each side of the place where you want your grade.

Then hitch onto the point of your grader with a large clevis and chain so that you can adjust the draw; pull it with the side that has the straight iron against the bank and adjust your weight so as to hold it there. It will move these furrows to the width of the scraper.

Two more furrows can then be plowed and so on, till the width is all that is wanted; then start back near the center again and proceed as before. A higher grade can be built with this than with the ordinary grader, in less time and with less power.

Cause of Bitter Milk.

Bitter milk is one of the most annoying ills with which a dairyman can be afflicted. Bitterness sometimes develops in the best-kept dairies, while the most slowly will be immune. Its cause is an organism resembling the ordinary yeast; in fact, it is a yeast. It is originally found on the leaves of trees, just as the yeast organism is found on hops, but is easily transmitted to milk cows, or the stable dust. When once these yeast organisms gain admittance to milk, they find conditions favorable for their development and proceed to reproduce themselves, hence the bitter taste in milk cream and butter.

To remove the source of infection is no small task, for in all the crevices of every can in which milk has been kept there will be found sufficient of the yeast to carry on infection. It is, therefore, necessary to thoroughly clean, scald and scrape the seams of every vessel in which milk has been kept, then carefully whitewash the milkhouse, cellar or pantry, and this should prevent further development in the house. At the same time sweep down the walls and ceilings of the stable, and give all the inside a thorough coat of whitewash or a spraying with some disinfectant, such a bleaching of mercury, one to one thousand parts of water.—Farmer's Advocate.

A Woman's Back

Has many aches and pains caused by weaknesses and falling, or other displacement, of the pelvic organs. Other symptoms of female weakness are frequent headache, dizziness, imaginary spots, or dark spots floating before the eyes, gnawing sensation in stomach, dragging or bearing down in lower abdominal or pelvic region, disagreeable drains from pelvic organs, faint spells with general weakness.

If any considerable number of the above symptoms are present there is no remedy that will give quicker relief or a more permanent cure than Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It has a record of over forty years of cures. It is the most potent invigorating tonic and strengthening nerve known to medical science. It is made of the glyceric extracts of active medicinal roots found in our forests and contains not a drop of alcohol or harmful, or habit-forming drugs. Its ingredients are all printed on the bottle-wrapper and attested under oath as correct.

Every ingredient entering into "Favorite Prescription" has the written endorsement of the most eminent medical writers of all the several schools of practice—more valuable than any amount of non-professional testimonials—though the latter are not lacking, having been contributed voluntarily by grateful patients in numbers to exceed the endorsements given to any other medicine extant for the cure of woman's ills.

You cannot afford to accept any medicine of unknown composition as a substitute for this well proven remedy or known composition, even though the dealer may make a little more profit thereby. Your interest in regaining health is paramount to any selfish interest of his and it is an insult to your intelligence for him to try to palm off upon you a substitute. You know what you want and it is his business to supply the article called for.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets are the original "Little Liver Pills" first put up by old Dr. Pierce over forty years ago, much imitated but never equaled. Little sugar-coated granules—easy to take as candy.

SAVED BABY LYON'S LIFE.

Awful Slight from that Dreadful Complaint, Infantile Eczema—Mother Praises Cuticura Remedies.

"Our baby had that dreadful complaint, Infantile Eczema, which afflicted him for several months, commencing at the top of his head, and at last covering his whole body. His sufferings were untold and constant misery, in fact, there was nothing we would not have done to have given him relief. We finally procured a full set of the Cuticura Remedies, and in about three or four days he began to show a brighter spirit and really laughed, for the first time in a year. In about ninety days he was fully recovered. Praise for the Cuticura Remedies has always been our greatest pleasure, and there is nothing too good that we could say in their favor, for they certainly saved our baby's life, for he was the most awful sight I ever beheld prior to the treatment of the Cuticura Remedies. Mrs. Mabel Lyon, 1820 Appleton Ave., Parsons, Kan., July 18, 1905."

The Inquisitive Barber.

No doubt many readers have heard of the austere disposition of America's greatest living actor, Richard Mansfield. Perhaps the following conversation, which took place in one of Boston's leading hotels, better illustrates the satirical nature of the player. Entering the barber's shop one morning, he was immediately recognized as Richard Mansfield by the barber.

"Good morning," said the barber affably.

A grant was the only reply.

"Well, how was things over at the house last night?"

"What house?" answered the actor ironically.

"The Hollis," said the barber.

"What do you mean, sir?"

"Why, are you not Richard Mansfield?" the barber asked.

"Oh, no, indeed," replied Mr. Mansfield, "I just got out of jail this morning."

"What! You're not Richard Mansfield; and you just got out of jail this morning! What for, pray?"

"For assaulting inquisitive barbers," was the response.

London motor-bus drivers who avoid accidents for a week receive a bonus. They are fined for accidents.



PENSION JOHN W. MORRIS, Washington, D.C. Successfully Prosecutes Claims. \$7500 in Civil War is adjudicated claims, etc.

STATE MANAGERS WANTED by old established firm (not recruiting) general salary \$1500 to \$2500. Permanent position to individuals having from \$2500 to \$5000 in stock of company to order goods handled by them. P. O. Box 111, N. Y. City.

NATURE'S CURE For Croup, Coughs and Whooping Cough. Guaranteed. To Intendents of Asylums, Hospitals, etc. Send for free illustrated booklet. Address: DR. J. C. HARRIS, 111 Broadway, New York City. Send for free booklet.

HELP WANTED Piano Tuners. Make \$5 to \$1000000 per year. No experience necessary. Easy to learn. Address: J. T. MORRIS, Box 41, Toledo, Ohio.

HYPONOTISM YOU CAN LEARN IT. Write for free illustrated booklet. Address: DR. J. C. HARRIS, 111 Broadway, New York City. Send for free booklet.

FARMS. BEST OF EARTH. Near Chicago. 160 to 800 acres. Price from \$8000 to \$100000. Write for full particulars. Address: W. E. McCready, Chicago, Ill.

RENTAL. 100 to 200 acres. Near Chicago. Price from \$8000 to \$100000. Write for full particulars. Address: W. E. McCready, Chicago, Ill.

WHO SHE WAS

SKETCH OF THE LIFE OF LYDIA E. PINKHAM

And a True Story of How the Vegetable Compound Had Its Birth and How the "Panic of '73" Caused It to be Offered for Public Sale in Drug Stores.

This remarkable woman, whose maiden name was Estes, was born in Lynn, Mass., February 9th, 1819, coming from a good old Quaker family. For some years she taught school, and became known as a woman of an alert



and investigating mind, an earnest seeker after knowledge, and above all, possessed of a wonderfully sympathetic nature.

In 1843 she married Isaac Pinkham, a builder and real estate operator, and their early married life was marked by prosperity and happiness. They had four children, three sons and a daughter.

In those good old fashioned days it was common for mothers to make their own home medicines from roots and herbs, nature's own remedies—calling in a physician only in specially urgent cases. By tradition and experience many of them gained a wonderful knowledge of the curative properties of the various roots and herbs.

Mrs. Pinkham took a great interest in the study of roots and herbs, their characteristics and power over disease. She maintained that just as nature so bountifully provides in the harvest fields and orchards vegetable foods of all kinds; so, if we but take the pains to find them, in the roots and herbs of the field there are remedies expressly designed to cure the various ills and weaknesses of the body, and it was her pleasure to search these out, and prepare simple and effective medicines for her own family and friends.

Chief of these was a rare combination of the choicest medicinal roots and herbs found best adapted for the cure of the ills and weaknesses peculiar to the female sex, and Lydia E. Pinkham's friends and neighbors learned that her compound relieved and cured and it became quite popular among them.

All this so far was done freely, without money and without price, as a labor of love.

But in 1873 the financial crisis struck Lynn. Its length and severity were too much for the large real estate interests of the Pinkham family, as this class of business suffered most from the financial depression, so when the Continental year dawned it found their property swept away. Some other source of income had to be found.

At this point Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound was made known to the world.

The three sons and the daughter, with their mother, combined forces to

restore the family fortune. They argued that the medicine which was so good for their woman friends and neighbors was equally good for the women of the whole world.

The Pinkhams had no money, and little credit. Their first laboratory was the kitchen, where roots and herbs were steeped on the stove, gradually filling a gross of bottles. Then came the question of selling it, for always before they had given it away freely. They hired a job printer to run off some pamphlets setting forth the merits of the medicine, now called Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and these were distributed by the Pinkhams sons in Boston, New York, and Brooklyn.

The wonderful curative properties of the medicine were, to a great extent, self-advertising, for whoever used it recommended it to others, and the demand gradually increased.

In 1877, by combined efforts the family had saved enough money to commence newspaper advertising and from that time this growth and success of the enterprise were assured, until today Lydia E. Pinkham and her Vegetable Compound have become household words everywhere, and many tons of roots and herbs are used annually in its manufacture.

Lydia E. Pinkham herself did not live to see the great success of this work. She passed her reward years ago, but not till she had provided means for continuing her work as effectively as she could have done it herself.

During her long and eventful experience she was ever methodical in her work and she was always careful to preserve a record of every case that came to her attention. The case of every sick woman who applied to her for advice—and there were thousands—received careful study, and the details, including symptoms, treatment and results were recorded for future reference, and to-day these records, together with hundreds of thousands made since, are available to sick women the world over, and represent a vast collaboration of information regarding the treatment of woman's ills, which for authenticity and accuracy can hardly be equaled in any library in the world.

With Lydia E. Pinkham worked her daughter-in-law, the present Mrs. Pinkham. She was carefully instructed in all her hard-won knowledge, and for years she assisted her in her vast correspondence.

To her hands naturally fell the direction of the work when its original passed away. For nearly twenty-five years she has continued it, and nothing in the work shows when the first Lydia E. Pinkham dropped her pen, and the present Mrs. Pinkham, now the mother of a large family, took it up. With women assistants, some as capable as herself, the present Mrs. Pinkham continues this great work, and probably from the office of no other person have so many women been advised how to regain health. Sick women, this advice is "Yours for Health," freely given if you only write to ask for it.

Such is the history of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound; made from simple roots and herbs; the one great medicine for women's ailments, and the fitting monument to the noble woman whose name it bears.

SWALLOW THE BAIT.

GULLIBLE PUBLIC EASY PREY FOR SWINDLERS.

In Two Years 450 Fraudulent Firms Have Been Raided in Chicago—\$150,000,000 Dropped Yearly in "Get-Rich-Quick" Schemes.

Chicago correspondence:

HERE are more "get-rich-quick" concerns in Chicago than in any other city in the world. Despite the activity of the police department and the postoffice authorities, which has resulted in the raiding and exposure of 450 firms of fraudulent character during the last two years, every office building in the city contains companies which are operating in the hope that they will be overlooked for a few weeks or months so that the nets that they have cast can be hauled in full.

A walk down the hallways of the big buildings, even those demanding high rental, will reveal the presence of these business leeches. The offices are furnished in luxury and with an eye to dazzling the man from the smaller town and the country who is lured there by the huge promises made in the advertisements. There are many stenographers, clerks away busily. Men are rushing to and fro from rooms marked "private" to the cashier's desk. The telephones are ringing, and an occasional glimpse of the "president's office" reveals a dignified gentleman sitting at an expensive table and surrounded by imposing books and correspondence. It is a setting that works like a charm.

The tentacles of the great system which has centered in this city for so many years have swept out into the farthest regions of the West, made desolate homes, scattered hard earned savings, and dashed bright hopes. The method is simple; the bait alluring.

Most of the men in the well organized companies that prey upon the public are well educated. They have the fever in their blood as thoroughly as their victims. They have been known to bite on the hook cast out by some of their disguised "pals." If they would turn their intellects and energies to legitimate business they would make respectable fortunes and be safe. But the lure of the game is as strong as that of the underworld or the wanderlust. Persuasive, clever, picturesque writing forms the main asset of the companies at the start. Literature is the first necessity and the money to buy the stamps to mail it. Then an office with a high sounding firm title on the door and a large bag to hold the coin.

The last year has overturned several pyramids of graft. Here is the way the money has been dropped in Chicago within a year: Matrimonial bureaus, \$1,000,000; employment agencies, \$200,000; turf commissioners, \$7,500,000; charity homes, \$300,000; wildcat insurance, \$10,000,000; home building associations, \$8,000,000; bucketshops, \$5,000,000; wire tappers, \$200,000; book agencies, \$1,000,000; mines and oil wells, \$8,000,000; medicine companies \$500,000. A well-informed official says the American public drops annually \$150,000,000 in these "get-rich-quick" concerns.

Detective Sergeant Clifton R. Woodridge says:

"Were the census enumerators of the United States to compile a list of the 'sucker' public the gullible ones would aggregate tens of millions. There is not a township in this great nation that does not contain its portion of confiding persons who are ready to believe anything from the rankest catch penny advertisement to a fallacy in theological dogma. My investigations for years past into the innermost secrets of swindlers impel the belief that their faith passes into the domain of imbecility. Thousands of men are willing to throw money to the man who proclaims that for a few pennies he will impart the secret of raising the dead, or how to make one dollar make a million, or how to battle the savants of science after a day's research. Every mail car out of Chicago groans under a burden of 'get-rich-quick' mail to be scattered in every direction. The operatives of these schemes are the most dangerous of criminals. They are received with open arms in social and business circles. They contribute to the churches and their wives and daughters visit in automobiles and dazzle at social functions by their silks and diamonds.

"Every time a 'get-rich-quick' bubble bursts there follows a long, dreary story of misplaced confidence. But as soon as active publicity ceases the dearly bought lesson is forgotten and the 'sucker' is ready to spring to the next tempting bait. The victims are numbered among all classes, from the laundress to the lawyer, the merchant to the clergyman."

Building operations in Washington, D. C., and vicinity are threatened with an early slump. Unless there is a quick settlement of the lockout of the plumbers, who have been out for many weeks, the Allied Building Trades will be forced to suspend operations. They will have no choice in the matter.

Percy Bowmaster, aged 33 years, a saloon-keeper of Allegheny, Pa., committed suicide by shooting himself in the head after attempting to kill his wife. Jealousy was the cause.

Natives Being Exterminated.

The Bushmen, the predominant tribe in South Africa less than a hundred years ago, have been killed off like wild beasts by the Boers and Englishmen. They were shot on sight like tigers and lions. Very few escaped the slaughter and these are now only to be seen in the great Kalahari desert, where they are, at least for the present, out of reach of the murderous whites.

The pygmies hold their own in the great forests of the interior, where they will remain unmolested until the whites lay their hands on the valuable timber which now constitutes their shelter, when the same fate will be meted out to them as their kin, the Bushmen, have met.

TIRED BACKS.

The kidneys have a great work to do in keeping the blood pure. When they get out of order it causes backache, headaches, dizziness, languor and distressing urinary troubles. Keep the kidneys well and all these sufferings will be saved you.



Mrs. S. A. Moore, proprietor of a restaurant at Waterville, Me., says: "Before using Doan's Kidney Pills I suffered everything from kidney troubles for a year and a half. I had pain in the back and head, an almost continuous pain in the loins, and felt weary all the time. A few doses of Doan's Kidney Pills brought great relief, and I kept on taking them until in a short time I was cured. I think Doan's Kidney Pills are wonderful."

For sale by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

A Few Years Hence.

The first battle in airships had been fought.

"I hear," said one officer, "that the general was in the very thick of the fight."

"Yes," responded another officer; "he had sixteen gasbags punctured over him."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

All in the Point of View.

"It's a terrible thing to lead a dog's life!" panted the cur with the tin can attachment, crawling into a corner to rest himself.

"O, I don't know," contentedly answered the lap dog.

This Will Interest Mothers.

Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for Children, used by Mother Gray, a nurse in Children's Home, New York, cure Constipation, Feverishness, Teething Disorders, Stomach Troubles and Destroy Worms; 30,000 testimonials of cures. All druggists. 25c. Sample FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

Remained to Be Seen.

Inquiring Friend—Was your uncle in his right mind when he died?

Poor Relation—We can't tell about that, of course, until we hear his will read.—Chicago Tribune.

Says President Palma.

Say, Diaz, what's the secret? Tell me why you get along so smoothly! Why don't I?

Lewis' "Single Binder" straight 5c cigar. The highest price 5c cigar to the dealer and the highest quality for the smoker. Lewis' Factory, Peoria, Ill.

Texas now produces more cotton than Georgia and Alabama, the next two largest cotton States, combined.

Mrs. Winslow's SOOTHING SYRUP for Children teething; soothes the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25 cents a bottle.

Question of Dignity.

Baroness—James, don't whistle such horrible tunes and such common musical-hall songs.

Footman—But, my lady, you can't expect a rhapsody of Liszt with cleaning the shoes. That will come later, when I am polishing the silver.—Witzblatt.

Wanted to Be Sugar-Cured.

"Mamma," queried 4-year-old Freddie, "does sugar ever cure any kind of disease?"

"Not that I know of, dear," replied his mother; "but why do you ask?"

"Because," answered the little fellow, "if it does I'd like to catch it."—Answers.

To Wash a Carpet.

To clean an ingrain carpet that is badly soiled, rip the width apart and shake. Have ready a tub of hot Ivory Soap suds and wash a width at a time on the machine, using several waters. Rinse and run through the wringer. Add a handful of salt to the last water to set the colors and spread on the grass to dry. ELEANOR R. PARKER.

Fair Warning.

Together they were climbing a steep mountain path.

"What would you do," she inquired, "if I should faint?"

"I'd catch you in my arms and kiss you," he replied.

"Get ready," she said.

Plumbers in England receive \$10.34 a week.

LUMBAGO AND SCIATICA



ST. JACOBS OIL

Penetrates to the Spot Right on the dot.

Price 25c and 50c

YOUR LODGE EMBLEM

FOR OR BUTTON. 25c BY MAIL. Free Gold Plates. Write for them. A. K. Williams, 112-250 5th Ave., N.Y.

S. N. U. No. 41-1906

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For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature

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CASTORIA

THE J. C. HUTCHINS COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

THE LAXATIVE OF KNOWN QUALITY

There are two classes of remedies; those of known quality and which are permanently beneficial in effect, acting gently, in harmony with nature, when nature needs assistance; and another class, composed of preparations of unknown, uncertain and inferior character, acting temporarily, but injuriously, as a result of forcing the natural functions unnecessarily. One of the most exceptional of the remedies of known quality and excellence is the ever pleasant Syrup of Figs, manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co., which represents the active principles of plants, known to act most beneficially, in a pleasant syrup, in which the wholesome Californian blue figs are used to contribute their rich, yet delicate, fruity flavor. It is the remedy of all remedies to sweeten and refresh and cleanse the system gently and naturally, and to assist one in overcoming constipation and the many ills resulting therefrom. Its active principles and quality are known to physicians generally, and the remedy has therefore met with their approval, as well as with the favor of many millions of well informed persons who know of their own personal knowledge and from actual experience that it is a most excellent laxative remedy. We do not claim that it will cure all manner of ills, but recommend it for what it really represents, a laxative remedy of known quality and excellence, containing nothing of an objectionable or injurious character.

There are two classes of purchasers; those who are informed as to the quality of what they buy and the reasons for the excellence of articles of exceptional merit, and who do not lack courage to go elsewhere when a dealer offers an imitation of any well known article; but, unfortunately, there are some people who do not know, and who allow themselves to be imposed upon. They cannot expect its beneficial effects if they do not get the genuine remedy. To the credit of the druggists of the United States be it said that nearly all of them value their reputation for professional integrity and the good will of their customers too highly to offer imitations of the

Genuine—Syrup of Figs

manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co., and in order to buy the genuine article and to get its beneficial effects, one has only to note, when purchasing, the full name of the Company—California Fig Syrup Co.—plainly printed on the front of every package. Price, 50c. per bottle. One size only.

Sale Ten Million Boxes a Year.
THE FAMILY'S FAVORITE MEDICINE
Cascarets
CANDY CATHARTIC
10c, 25c, 50c.
THEY WORK WHILE YOU SLEEP
BEST FOR THE BOWELS

W. L. DOUGLAS

\$3.50 & \$3.00 Shoes

BEST IN THE WORLD

W. L. Douglas \$4 Gilt Edge line cannot be equalled at any price

See Shoes Dealers: W. L. Douglas Jobbing Houses in the most complete line of shoes. Read for Catalogue.



SHOES FOR EVERYBODY AT ALL PRICES.

Men's Shoes, \$3 to \$15.00. Boys' Shoes, \$2 to \$10.00. Women's Shoes, \$2 to \$10.00. Children's Shoes, \$1 to \$5.00.

Try W. L. Douglas' Women's, Men's, and Children's shoes; for style, fit and wear they excel other makes.

If I could take you into my large factories at Brockton, Mass., and show you how carefully W. L. Douglas shoes are made, you would then understand why they hold their shape, fit better, wear longer, and are of greater value than any other make.

Wherever you live, you can obtain W. L. Douglas shoes. His name and price is stamped on the bottom, which protects you against high prices and inferior shoes. You are not deceived. Ask your nearest shoe dealer for the W. L. Douglas shoe.

First Quality (patented) shoes; they will not wear down.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Dept. 14, Brockton, Mass.

A Positive CATARRH CURE

Ely's Cream Balm

Is quickly absorbed. Gives Relief at Once.

It cleanses, soothes, heals and protects the diseased membrane. It cures Catarrh and drives away a Cold in the Head quickly. Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell. Full size 50 cts., at Druggists or by mail; Trial Size 10 cts. by mail. Ely Brothers, 55 Warren Street, New York.

HAY FEVER

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NEIGHBORING TOWNS.

LAKE VILLA, ILL.

D. Shugar was a Chicago visitor Monday.

Wm. VanPatten was a Chicago visitor Thursday.

Miss Emma Witt was an Antioch visitor on Tuesday.

Dr. Morell transacted business in Chicago on Saturday.

Mrs. Lyn Rowling and children spent Sunday in the city.

Mrs. Potter and daughter Fay were Chicago visitors Saturday.

Miss Lillie McMahon was in the city the fore part of the week.

Will Lewin was a business visitor in Chicago on Wednesday.

John McMahon was a business visitor in Chicago Thursday and Friday.

Lewie Witt was a business visitor in Chicago Wednesday and Thursday.

Frank Hamlin has completed the cement sidewalk in front of his new building.

The Royal Neighbors are moving into their new hall in the Hamlin building.

E. L. Burnett of the Delevan Republican is visiting his sister, Mrs. T. T. Armstrong.

Frank Hucker is having his farm buildings painted. Jack Rudd is doing the work.

Mrs. Hesselgrave of Waukegan spent Sunday with her son, Dr. W. E. Hesselgrave.

Dr. Hesselgrave drove to Waukegan on Tuesday in answer to a summons on the Hucker trial.

Mrs. A. H. Johnson and Miss Margaret Johnson are visiting Mr. and Mrs. D. VanPatten.

Mr. and Mrs. Monson are the proud parents of a bouncing baby girl, born on Tuesday, October 2.

Will Barnstable returned on Thursday from Springfield where he has been attending the state fair.

Dr. Morrell, D. D. S. and Dr. Hesselgrave have moved into the new offices in the Hamlin building.

During the wind storm Monday a large plate glass transom in the new Hamlin building was blown down and broken.

Remember we have dancing every Saturday evening at Sugar's hall at Lake Villa. The floor is fine and the music is the best in the country.

The entertainment given by the Woodmen lodge Monday evening was well attended considering the weather. Mr. and Mrs. Myannie, the Japanese lecturers, were good and gave the audience a pleasant evening.

On Sunday seventeen fellows were arrested for shooting without a license. Take warning from this and procure a license before you go out with your gun as game wardens have been posted throughout the county and are on the lookout.

Where, Oh Where is the city fire department? Such was the cry of B. Schram the barber, when he discovered his tonsorial parlors to be on fire Sunday morning. The fire originated in the back room and was not discovered until it had gained some headway. The origin of the fire is not known but it is supposed to have started from stepping on the head of a match. As soon as Mr. Schram hung out the distress signal a bucket brigade was formed and the fire extinguished. The damage to the building was slight but a large show case was burned and also a pile of newspapers which were to be returned for credit.

J. W. Hetton, who is employed at the ice house on Deep lake, had a narrow escape from death Tuesday night. During the afternoon Mr. Hetton had been to Antioch and was returning home when the accident happened. He walked down the ice house switch track and sat down on the end of the ties to rest. He fell asleep and was not awakened until an engine was run down on the track. By the time he realized his danger the engine was upon him, the cow catcher striking him in the back of the head, knocking him senseless and cutting a deep gash in the scalp requiring five stitches. Mr. Hetton was knocked clear off the track.

Preventives, as the name implies, prevent all colds and gripes when "taken at the sneeze stage." Preventives are toothsome candy tablets. Preventives dissipate all colds quickly, and taken early, when you first feel that a cold is coming, they check and prevent them. Preventives are thoroughly safe for children, and as effective for adults. Sold and recommended in 5 cent and 25 cent boxes by all dealers.

Horrible Thought.
Mosquitoes grow to great size in Burma. A young Scotch woman who was making her first visit to that country had heard travelers' tales of the insect pest and was prepared for the worst. When she saw an elephant for the first time she said: "Will you be what's called a musketeer?"

No danger of consumption if you use Foley's Honey and Tar to cure that stubborn cough. Sold by J. H. Swan.

GRAYSLAKE, ILL.

Mr. and Mrs. E. B. Sherman spent Sunday at Wheeling.

Mrs. Waldman visited friends in Chicago from Friday until Monday.

Miss Mabel Turner spent the last of the week with friends in Antioch.

Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Parker, and Nellie spent Saturday and Sunday in Chicago.

Mr. and Mrs. Marshall Atwell are spending a few days with their sons in Chicago.

Miss Nora Bixler attended the Epworth League convention in Chicago on Monday and Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Higley and Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Higley spent Sunday with relatives in Chicago.

E. Gar Hook has bought the Cremin property here, and now he is kept busy answering questions as to who is going to occupy it.

Our druggist, Mr. Root has purchased a drug store at South Bend, Indiana, and he and his wife will leave for that place the last of next week.

The W. C. T. U. gave a reception for the school teachers on Friday evening, at the home of Mrs. Mary Smith, and a very pleasant time was had.

About twenty-five of the members of the Eastern Star drove out to Mr. and Mrs. Albert Raught's place on Thursday evening and as usual a fine time was had.

Mrs. James Druce died at her home north of here on Friday afternoon, after a short illness of paralysis. She had spent the summer at Waukegan and had returned home only a few days before her illness. She was an old resident of the county and was highly respected by all who knew her. She leaves to mourn her loss, two sons, Charles and Edward, and one sister, Mrs. Stephen Druce. The funeral services were held at the home on Sunday, Rev. Harvey of the Holiness church of Waukegan officiating. The remains were laid at rest in the Druce cemetery.

MILLBURN, ILL.

L. J. White was home Saturday night.

Miss Carrie Baler returned home on Sunday.

Mrs. Etta Wienecke has moved to Sycamore, Ill.

Mrs. R. L. Hughes was a Chicago visitor over Sunday.

Geo. Eichinger and Gordon Bonner have returned from Springfield.

Mrs. A. K. Bain and Mrs. John Trotter were Chicago visitors Monday.

Miss Mabel Irving of Russell is visiting her sister, Mrs. John Trotter.

Mrs. H. G. Harris is entertaining her sister-in-law and children from Chicago.

John Gillings of North Dakota is here visiting with his sister, Mrs. Theo. Frazier.

Mrs. John Wedge has rented her farm and expects within a few weeks to go and make her home in the west.

Mr. and Mrs. Loveland and children have returned to Chicago after their summer's stay at John Trotter's.

Robert Webster and Clayton Denman of Highland Park spent Saturday and Sunday with their cousin Edwin Denman.

Mr. and Mrs. W. J. White and Lucy Spafford attended the funeral of their friend John White of Newport.

Miss Bertha White who has been attending school at Rochester has been obliged to return home on account of weak eyes.

Rev. A. W. Safford has gone away for a three weeks vacation, and will be absent the next two Sundays. N. D. Pratt of Evanston will fill the pulpit on Sunday, Oct. 14.

The marriage of Miss Gussie Thain to R. Guy Hughes was celebrated Wednesday afternoon, October 3, at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Thain. The ceremony was performed by Rev. A. W. Safford. Relatives from Waukegan who attended the wedding were Miss Lola Thain, Miss Lois Hardy, Mrs. Hardy and L. J. White.

A Dozen Times a Night.

Mrs. Owen Dunn, of Benton Ferry, W. Va., writes: "I have had kidney and bladder trouble for years, and it became so bad that I was obliged to get up at least a dozen times a night. I never received any permanent benefit from any medicine until I tried Foley's Kidney Cure. After using two bottles, I am cured. Sold by J. H. Swan."

Pike Had Swallowed Purse.

A man fishing in the lake at Genardmer (Vosges) caught a large pike weighing about 30 pounds. In preparing it for the table the cook found a purse containing \$45 inside, and this was afterward identified by a person who a few days before had dropped it into the lake.

Branchitis for Twenty Years.

Mrs. Minerva Smith, of Danville, Ill., writes: "I had branchitis for twenty years and never got better until I used Foley's Honey and Tar which is a sure cure." Sold by J. H. Swan.

RUSSELL, ILL.

Mrs. J. A. Reeves is again in very poor health.

Mrs. J. A. Siver is visiting relatives at Hebron.

Ruby Nellis spent part of the week in Waukegan.

Grover McNamara was a Chicago visitor on Saturday.

Mr. Dan VanPatten spent Sunday at Hugh Carney's.

Hugh Carney is busy drilling a well at Lake Villa.

The choir met at Wm. Murray's on Saturday evening.

Miss Thomas is boarding at William Murray's for a couple of weeks.

Mr. John White died at his home near Hickory last Thursday.

Mrs. Alcock has returned from Riceville, Iowa, where she has been visiting her son.

The Russell base ball team give a dance at Wadsworth on Friday evening, Oct. 12.

HICKORY, ILL.

The funeral of Mr. John White was very largely attended.

Mr. and Mrs. Morris are visiting here and at Antioch.

Mr. Emmet King spent Saturday and Sunday at home.

Mrs. Earl Edwards spent the latter part of last week at home.

Miss Cora Edwards has been visiting the past two weeks in Chicago.

Mrs. Kuebler of Chicago returned home Tuesday after spending a few days with Mrs. White.

Church next Sunday as usual. Come out and hear the new pastor. Mr. Boug preached last Sunday evening.

Mrs. D. B. Webb and her mother, Mrs. Baskerfield, are spending the week in Chicago. Mrs. Baskerfield expects to remain in the city all winter.

TREVOR, WIS.

Harry Lubenow was a Kenosha visitor Saturday.

Rev. Bullock of Salem, occupied the pulpit at Liberty Sunday.

Frank Brady left Monday for a week's visit with friends in Chicago.

Mr. Bailey and Mrs. Palmatier of Salem spent Friday at H. Lubenow's.

Mrs. Drury of Antioch, visited her daughter, Mrs. Longman, Thursday.

Mr. Brady has purchased the Charles Buff place at Liberty and will move his family there in the spring.

The C. E. social held at the church Friday evening was a success both socially and financially.

Geo. Patrick and wife returned Saturday from a three weeks' visit with relatives in Kalamazoo and Schoolcraft, Mich.

Mr. and Mrs. James Welch returned to Geo. Booth's last week. They have been spending some time with relatives in Chicago.

"Watch the Kidneys"

"When they are affected life is in danger," says Dr. Abernethy, the great English physician. Foley's Kidney Cure makes sound kidneys. Sold by J. H. Swan.

Pretty English Naval Custom.

A pretty little custom is observed in the English navy whenever an officer gets married. Two wreaths are hoisted in the most conspicuous manner and interlocked with them and hanging from them are colored ribbons. These hang from eight a. m. till sunset on the wedding day. The cost of the wreaths is generally subscribed by the officer's shipmates.

Blood Poisoning

results from chronic constipation, which is quickly cured by Dr. King's New Life Pills. They remove all poisonous germs from the system and infuse new life and vigor; cure sour stomach, nausea, headache, dizziness and colic, without gripping or discomfort. 25c. Guaranteed by J. H. Swan, druggist.

Love and Friendship.

To feed love there must be a difference of tastes and opinions; there must be little sufferings, forgiveness, tears, all that may excite susceptibility and awaken daily solicitude. Friendship is more happy, more peaceful; it is a refuge against all the ills of life, it is a consolation for all sufferings.—Marie Capelle.

A Badly Burned Girl

or boy, man or woman, is quickly out of pain if Bucklen's Arnica Salve is applied promptly. G. J. Welch, of Tekonsha, Mich., says: "I use it in my family for cuts, sores and all skin injuries, and find it perfect." Quickest pile cure known. Best healing salve made, 25c at J. H. Swan's drug store.

Pewter Has Long Been Used.

The use of pewter for domestic utensils goes so far back that it is hard to assign a date to the precise time when it succeeded wood. Indeed, even after pewter drinking vessels were in use, wooden trenchers were found in many households, since they were cheaper, easier to obtain, and at a pinch could be made in the house.

A Change for the Better

SINCERITY CLOTHES
= become a Central Point of Interest =
in Our Clothing Dep't



WE feel that in introducing **SINCERITY CLOTHES** to our patrons that we are asking you to know a line which is already familiar to you, at least by reputation. That it is a line of clothing that stands at the top notch of popularity, is known to every reader of National magazines and newspapers. But to those who have worn **SINCERITY CLOTHES**—suits or overcoats—it means a great deal more—for it stands as a symbol of clothes honesty—of dependable materials, inside and out—in perfect fit and unexcelled workmanship.

We invite your careful inspection of **SINCERITY FALL MODELS.**

Suits from \$10.00 to \$15.00

A full line of Sweaters and Underwear

The Sincerity Clothes Shop

CHASE WEBB

ANTIOCH, ILL.

Auction Sales

The undersigned, being about to move away, will sell at public auction on the farm known as the Henry Neal farm 2 miles east of Antioch, first horse west of Bean Hill schoolhouse, on Tuesday, Oct. 16, commencing at 1 o'clock sharp the following property: 12 head of cattle consisting of 10 good cows mostly young, 1 yearling bull, 1 yearling heifer; 4 head of horses consisting of 1 brood mare, 1 socking colt, 1 work horse, 1 driving mare; 8 tons tame hay, 12 tons slough hay in barn, stack straw, 80 shocks corn, 30 shocks fodder corn, 12 shoats, 75 chickens, lumber wagon, truck wagon, milk wagon, riding cultivator, walking cultivator, garden cultivator, walking plow, set drags, mower, hay rake, hay rack, hand power feed cutter, set double harness, set manure planks, 10 rods chicken wire, grindstone, cook stove, 2 heating stoves, oil heating stove, iron bedstead, 2 child's beds, commode, washing machine, French clock, meat jar, barrel of vinegar, hay fork and rope, chairs, tables and other household goods; a large quantity of tools and other articles too numerous to mention. Usual terms. L. S. Wisner, Prop. Chase Webb, Auctioneer.

The undersigned will sell at public auction on the William Thom farm 1/2 mile south of Hickory and 2 miles north of Millburn, on Wednesday, Oct. 17, commencing at 10 o'clock sharp, the following described property: matched pair 8-yr-old grade Clyde mares, wt. 3100, in foal by Sir David; 5-yr-old dapple gray mare, wt. 1400, in foal by Sir David; 2-yr-old gelding sired by Sir David, 1-yr-old gelding sired by Sir David, half bred Hackney gelding 8 yrs old, general purpose gelding 6 yrs old, road mare in foal by Forest King, the road stallion Forest King, 2-yr-old pacing filly, 6-yr-old Shetland pony mare, broken for children to ride and drive; 18 choice cows, 1 pure bred Short Horn bull 15 months old; brood sow, 20 shoats, 2 dozen pure bred silver laced Wyandotte hens, 8 turkey hens and 1 gobbler, set heavy work harness, single harness, 20 milk cans, Champion grain binder, Deering corn binder, Deering 5-ft cut mower, Deering 10-ft hay rake, 2-horse cultivator, new seeder, 2 drags, grindstone, corn sheller, stone boat, set bob sleighs, set manure planks, 2 hay racks, 1 narrow wagon and 1 steel wheel truck wagon, surrey, top buggy, open buggy, cutter, 25 acres corn in shock and other things too numerous to mention. Free lunch at noon. Usual terms. W. G. Thom, Prop. George Vogel, Auctioneer.

The undersigned will sell at public auction 1/2 mile west of Rosarians, 8 miles south-west of Russell and 4 miles north-west of Wadsworth on the Emma J. Welch

farm Tuesday, Oct. 16, commencing at 10 o'clock the following property: 7 head of fresh cows, 6 with calves by side, 1 fresh 1st of August; 4 cows coming in in early spring, heavy springer, 1-yr-old full blood Durham bull, stripper, full blood Jersey; yearling heifer, hay and corn, about 30 tons hay consisting of timothy, alfalfa and prairie hay, about 700 shocks of corn, 300 shocks ensilage, 400 shocks husking; 50 bu. oats, 20 bu. potatoes, Plano binder, McCormick corn binder, J. I. Case 16-inch sulky plow new, 14-in steel beam walking plow, seeder, wagon and hay rack, milk wagon, light buggy, 220-egg incubator, new; 200-chick brooder, 13 milk cans, heating stove, Western washing machine, spring cot, wire bed spring, set cultivator wheels, 1-horse hay rake, 5 1/2-ft saw, crowbar, beetle and 3 wedges, wire stretcher, post hole digger, sledge, pair ice tongs, 135 ft rope for hay fork and other articles too numerous to mention. Usual terms. Lunch at noon. Geo. H. Hartley, Prop. George Vogel, Auctioneer.

"How to Avoid Appendicitis"

Do you have sick headaches?
Do you feel distressed after eating?
Do you have burning sensation in stomach?
Are you troubled with bad blood?
Are you troubled with weak heart?
Are you troubled with dyspepsia?
Are you troubled with constipation?
If so take Gastrozone; it will cure you or you get your money back. Gastrozone prevents you from having appendicitis, because it is antiseptic. Sold and guaranteed by J. H. Swan.

Suggestion for a National Flower.

If the great republic must have a flower why not adopt the tobacco plant (nicotiana glauca)? It is a native of this country and was first found in Virginia. There is nothing sectional or local about the plant because today it is grown in most of the states from Florida and Louisiana to Connecticut and is now used in every nation on the globe.—New Orleans Pleasure.

Piles quickly and positively cured with Dr. Shoop's Magic Ointment. It's made for piles alone—and it does the work surely and with satisfaction. Itching, painful, protruding or blind piles disappear like magic by its use. Large, nickel capped glass jars, 50c. Sold and recommended by all dealers.

The Top of Colorado.

In high mountains there is no state to compare with Colorado. She can claim 407 peaks of an altitude of more than 10,000 feet, 395 of more than 11,000, 223 of more than 12,000, 149 of more than 13,000, and 39 or more than 14,000.

FOR BOTH

One disease of thinness in children is scrofula; in adults, consumption. Both have poor blood; both need more fat. These diseases thrive on leanness. Fat is the best means of overcoming them; cod liver oil makes the best and healthiest fat and

SCOTT'S EMULSION

is the easiest and most effective form of cod liver oil. Here's a natural order of things that shows why Scott's Emulsion is of so much value in all cases of scrofula and consumption. More fat, more weight, more nourishment, that's why.

Send for free sample.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists
409-415 Pearl Street, New York
50c. and \$1.00 in all drug stores

Same as Christians.

I started to talk with my friend, and had got quite well along with what I had to say when one of the old women must have heard some of my remarks, for I heard her say: "Ann, don't talk so loud; that's a lawyer over there, and they have eyes and can see, and ears and can hear, just the same as we Christians do."—N. Y. Sun.

Grace to Correct a Fault.

Be not ashamed to confess that you have been in the wrong. It is but owning what you need not be ashamed of—that you now have more sense than you had before, to see your error; more humility to acknowledge it; more grace to correct it.

Woman's Wit Counted.

William Wilberforce had a devoted sister. She is credited with having won his election for him during his membership of parliament from Hull. The story goes that one day at the hustings a number of partisans began a tremendous cheering, crying "Miss Wilberforce forever!" upon which she stepped forward and, with admirable tact, replied: "Gentlemen, I thank you; but believe me, I do not wish to be 'Miss Wilberforce' forever!" Her brother was returned at the head of the poll.